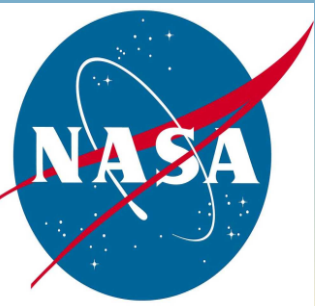


Decision and Information System for the Coastal waters of Oman (DISCO)

An integrative tool for managing coastal resources under changing climate

Joaquim I. Goes

*Lamont –Doherty Earth Observatory at Columbia University,
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Lubna Al-Kharusi
*Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries Wealth
Sultanate of Oman Muscat, Oman*

MAP OF THE ARABIAN SEA SHOWING OMAN

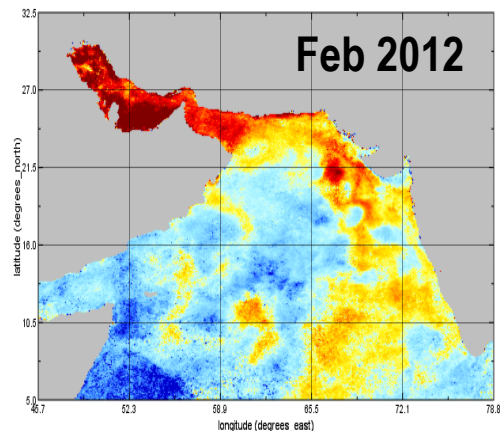


Total area – 309,500 km², Population - 4.5M

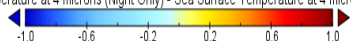
Coastline – ~2000km², Gateway to the Persian Gulf

Economy – Oil, agriculture, fish, tourism and coastal industries

Sea Surface Temperature at 4 microns (Night Only)

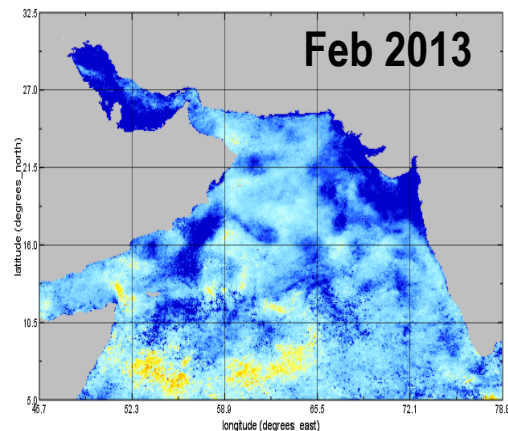


Sea Surface Temperature at 4 microns (Night Only) - Sea Surface Temperature at 4 microns (Night Only) (C)

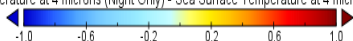


Data Min = -3.2, Max = 3.5

Sea Surface Temperature at 4 microns (Night Only)

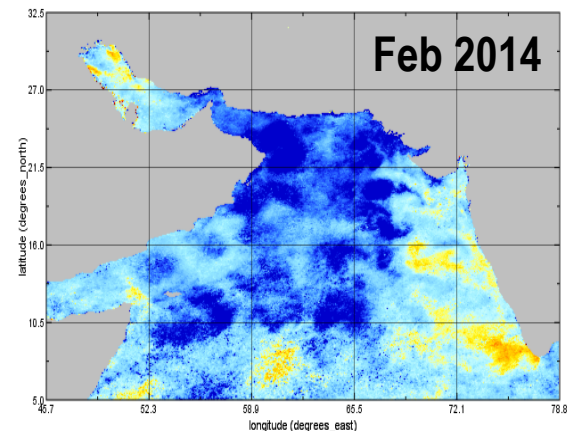


Sea Surface Temperature at 4 microns (Night Only) - Sea Surface Temperature at 4 microns (Night Only) (C)

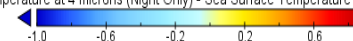


Data Min = -4.9, Max = 0.8

Sea Surface Temperature at 4 microns (Night Only)

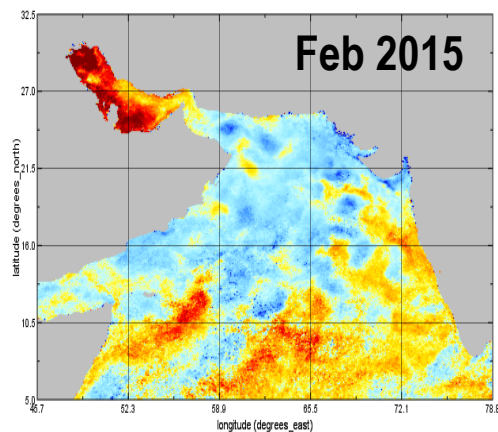


Sea Surface Temperature at 4 microns (Night Only) - Sea Surface Temperature at 4 microns (Night Only) (C)

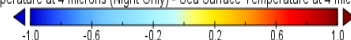


Data Min = -6.8, Max = 2.2

Sea Surface Temperature at 4 microns (Night Only)

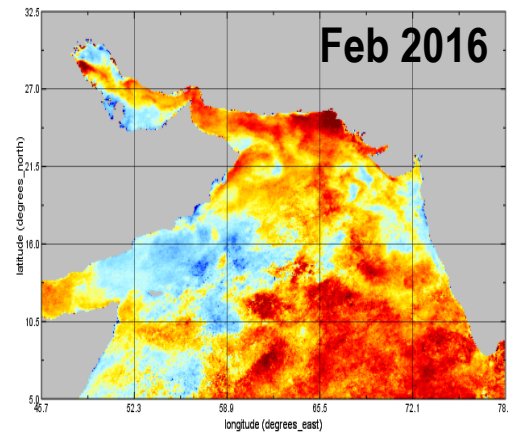


Sea Surface Temperature at 4 microns (Night Only) - Sea Surface Temperature at 4 microns (Night Only) (C)

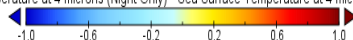


Data Min = -4.5, Max = 3.1

Sea Surface Temperature at 4 microns (Night Only)

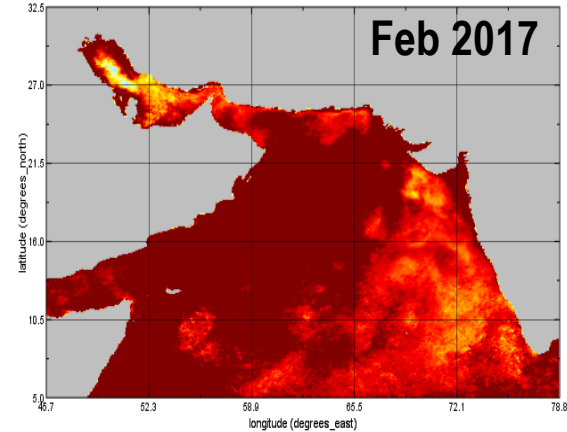


Sea Surface Temperature at 4 microns (Night Only) - Sea Surface Temperature at 4 microns (Night Only) (C)

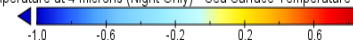


Data Min = -2.5, Max = 3.9

Sea Surface Temperature at 4 microns (Night Only)



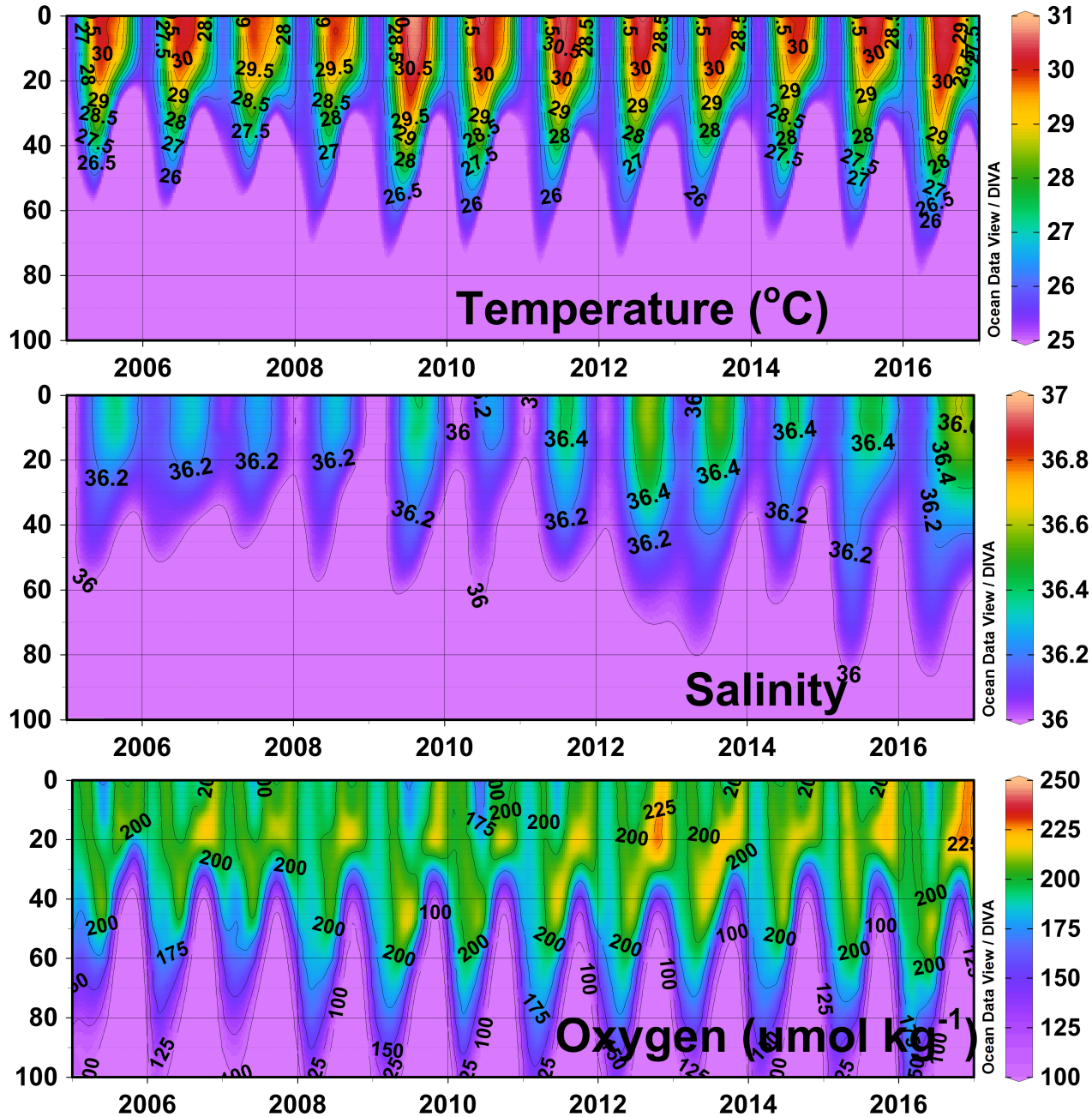
Sea Surface Temperature at 4 microns (Night Only) - Sea Surface Temperature at 4 microns (Night Only) (C)



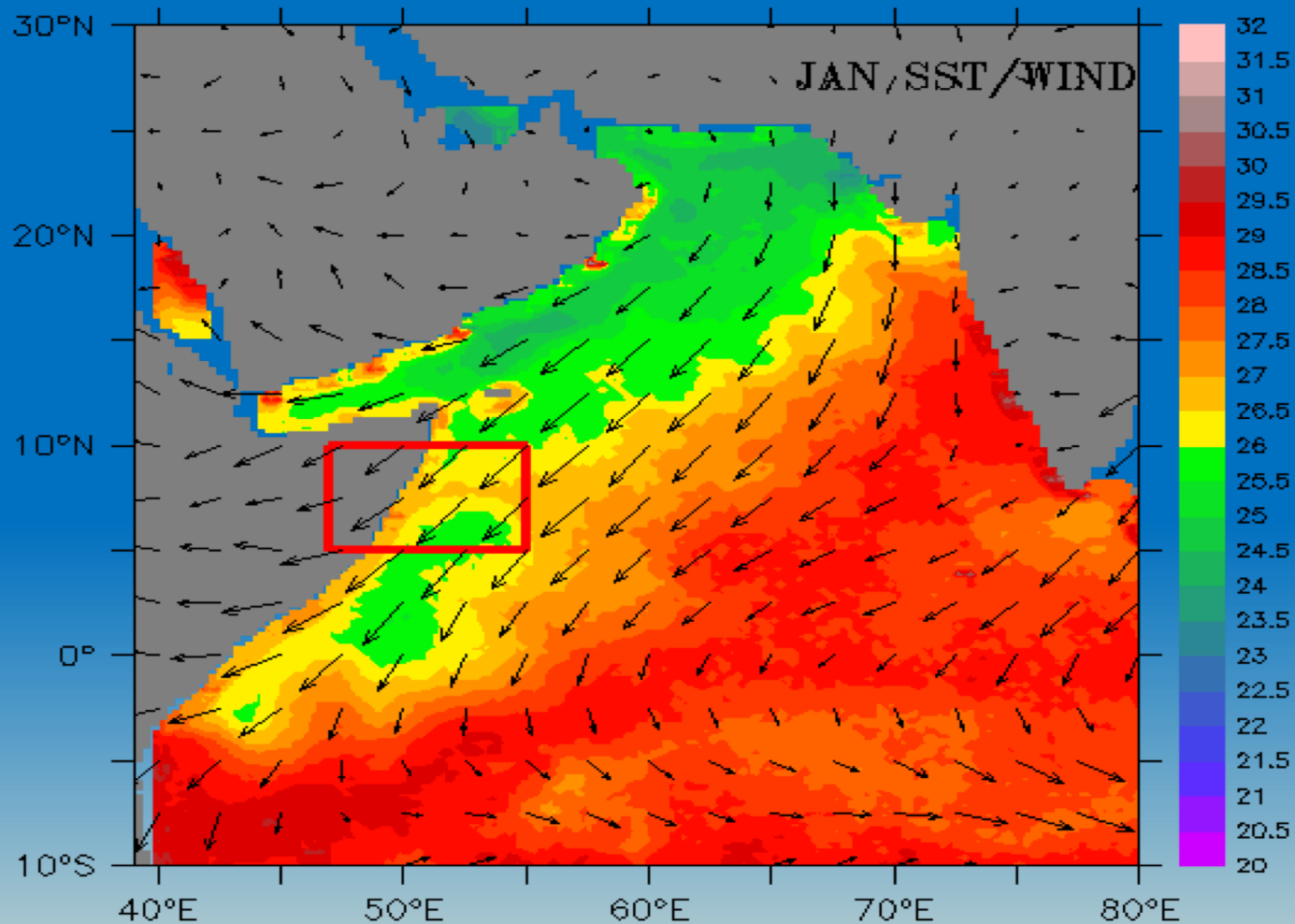
Data Min = -1.9, Max = 5.2

Sea surface temperature anomaly fields for the month of February

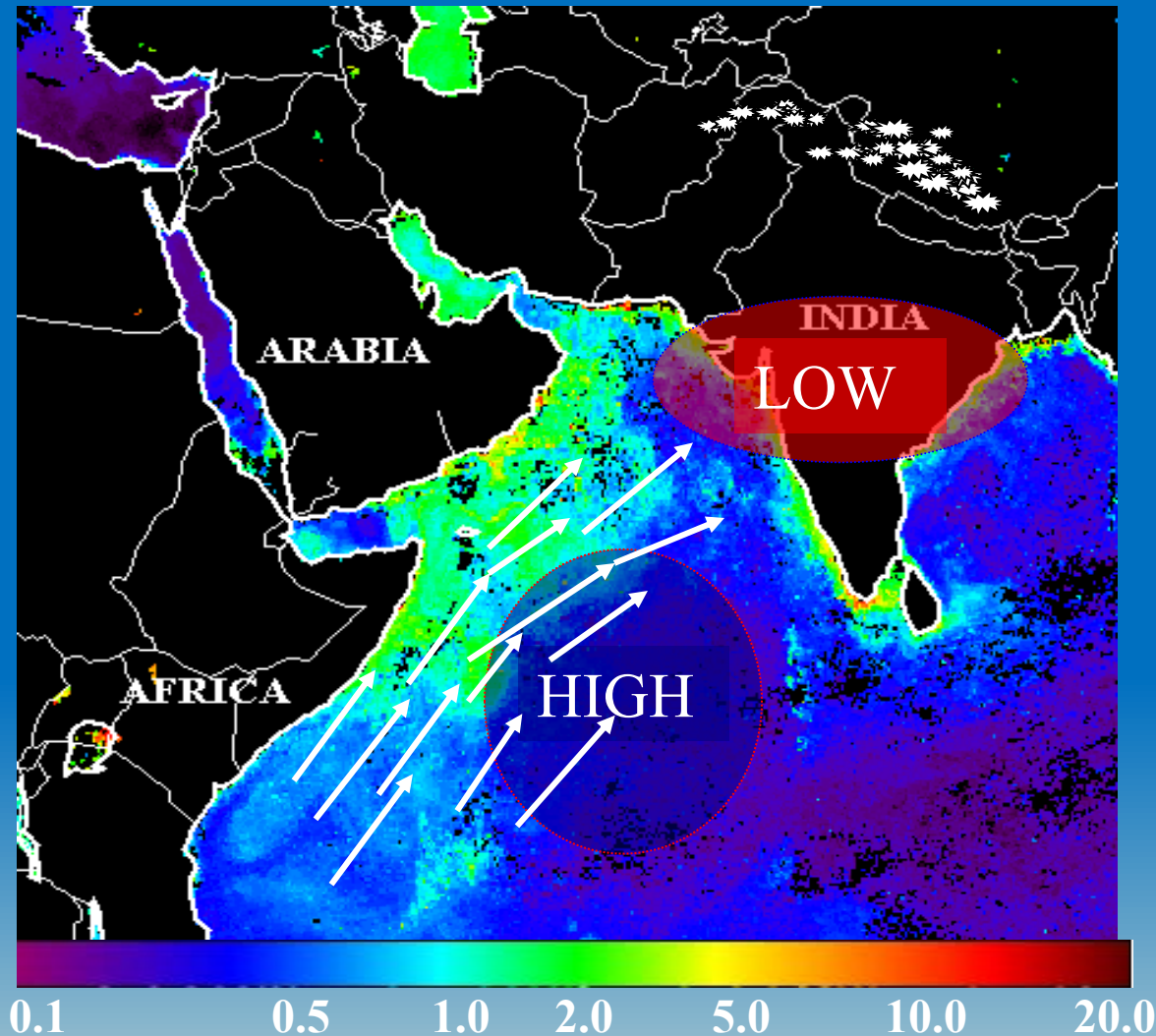
Warming and salinification surface waters in the western Arabian Sea



THE ARABIAN SEA AND ITS REVERSING MONSOONS

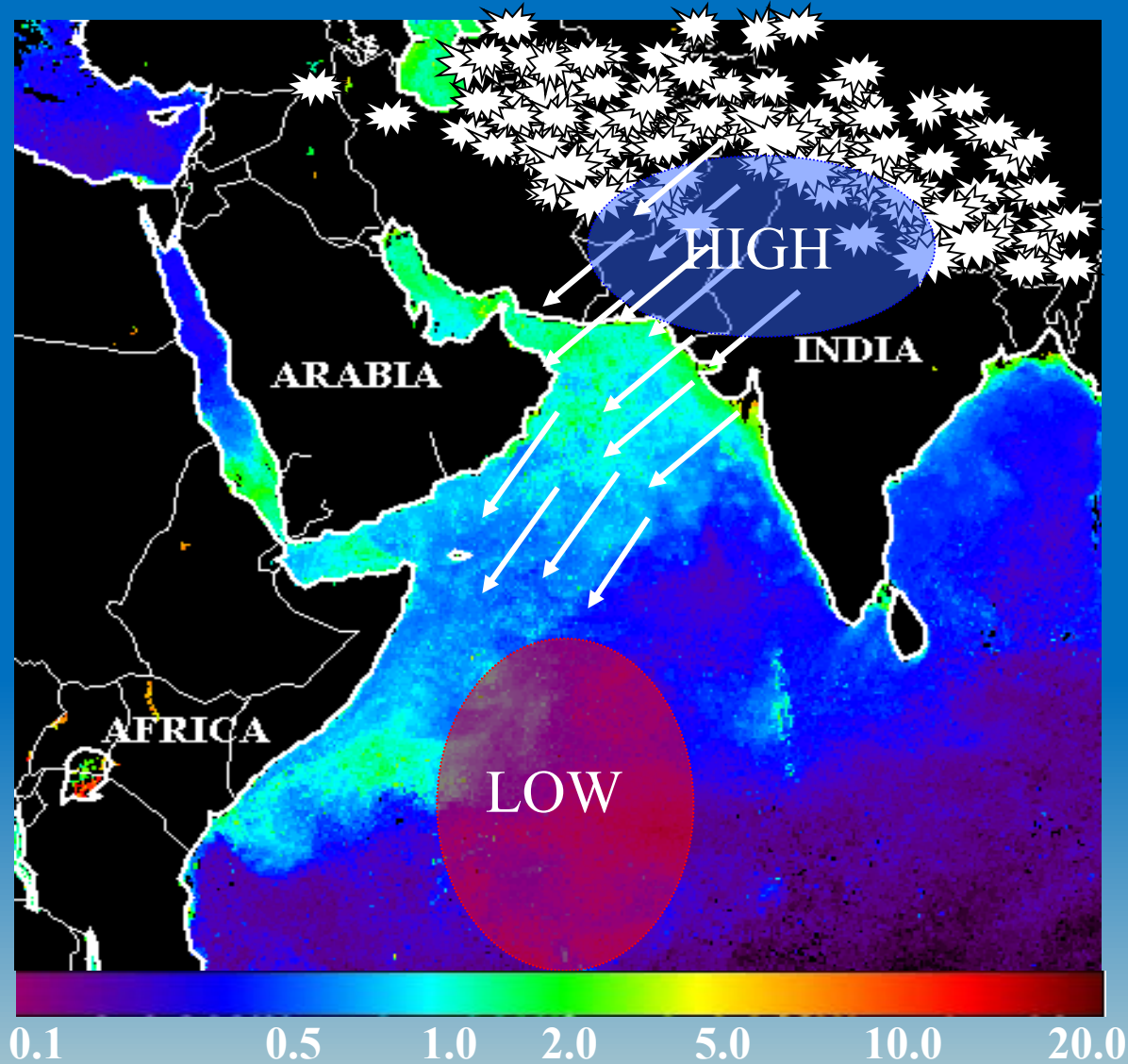


SUMMER MONSOON

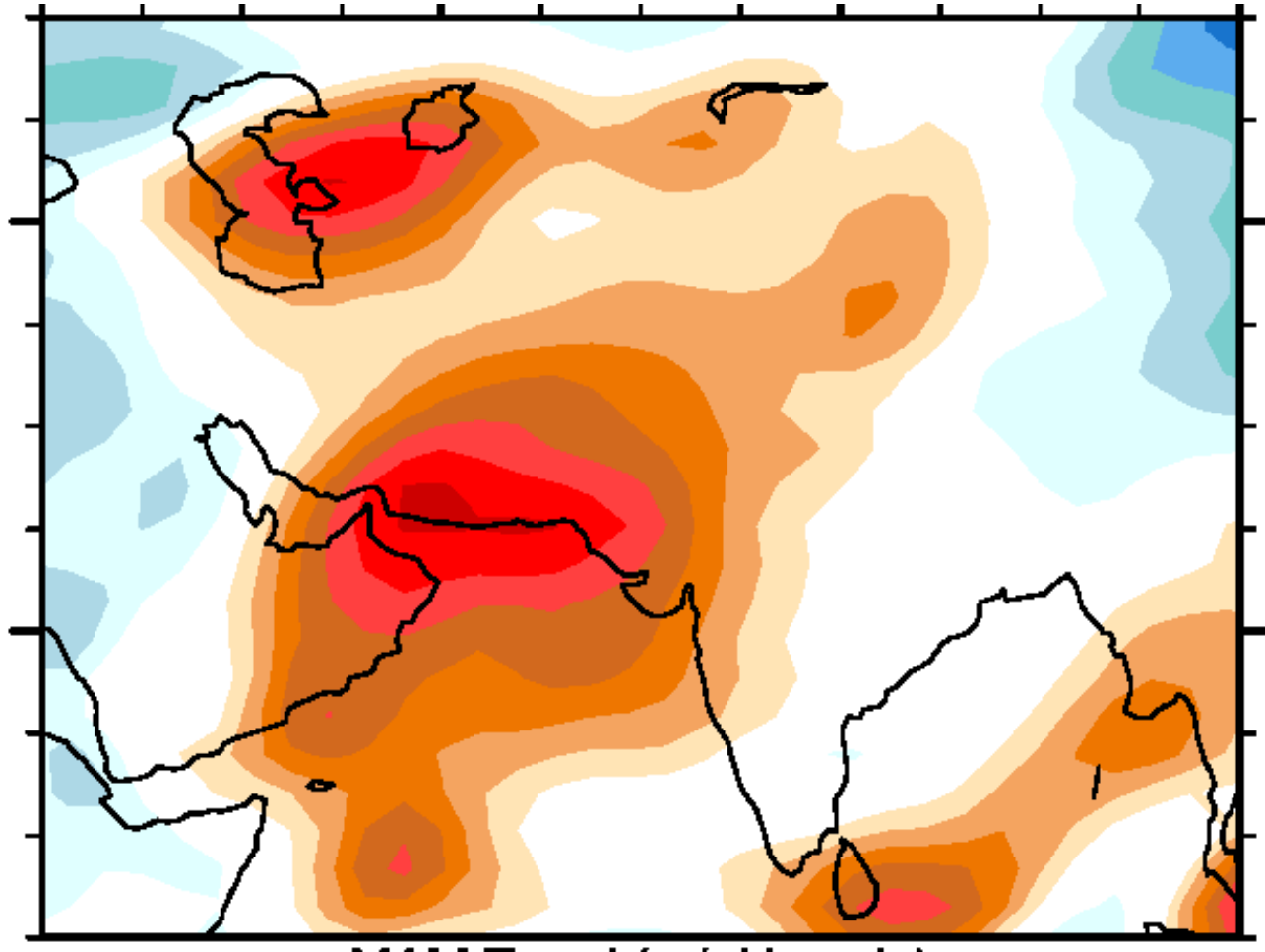


Schematic showing the reversal in wind direction during the southwest monsoon (Jun-Sept), superimposed on satellite derived chlorophyll fields

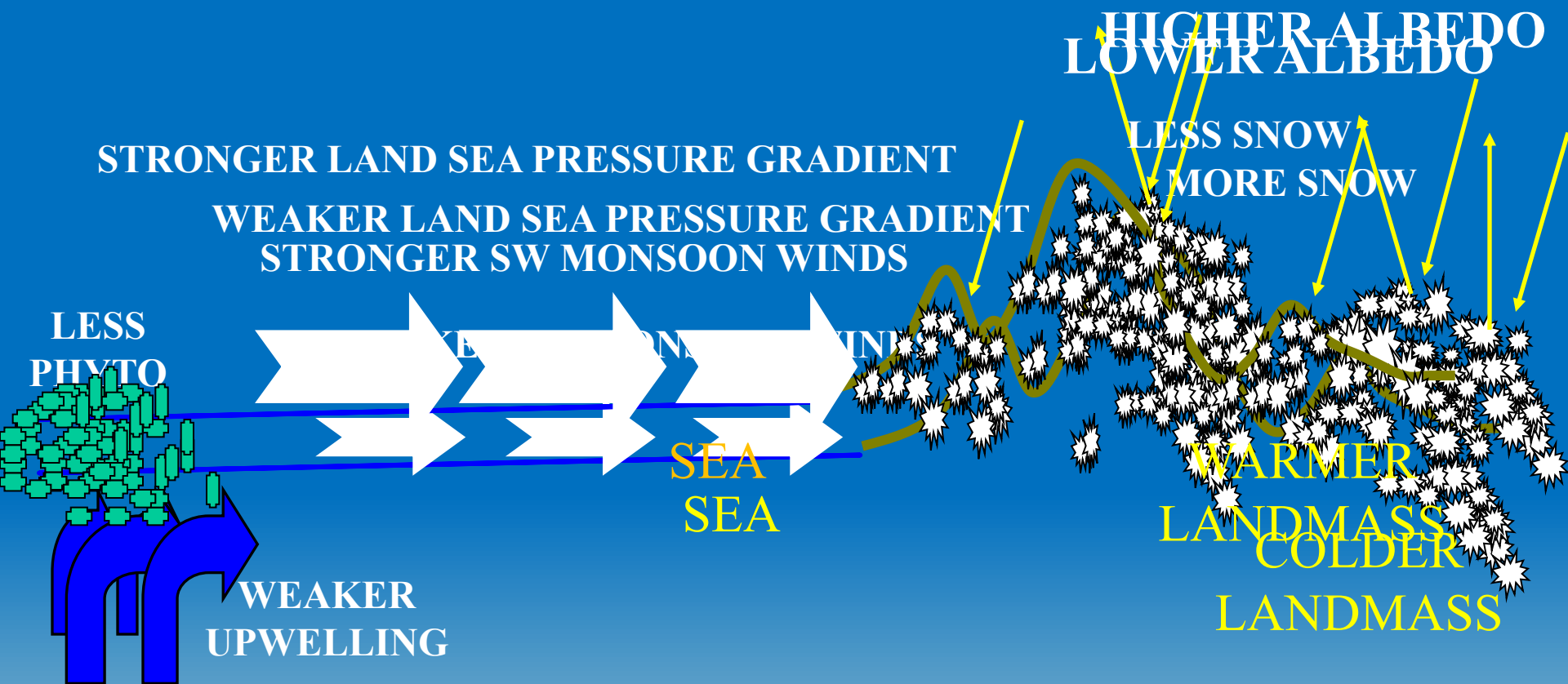
WINTER MONSOON



Schematic showing snow cover extent and wind direction superimposed on an ocean color chlorophyll image for the northeast monsoon season (Nov-Feb).

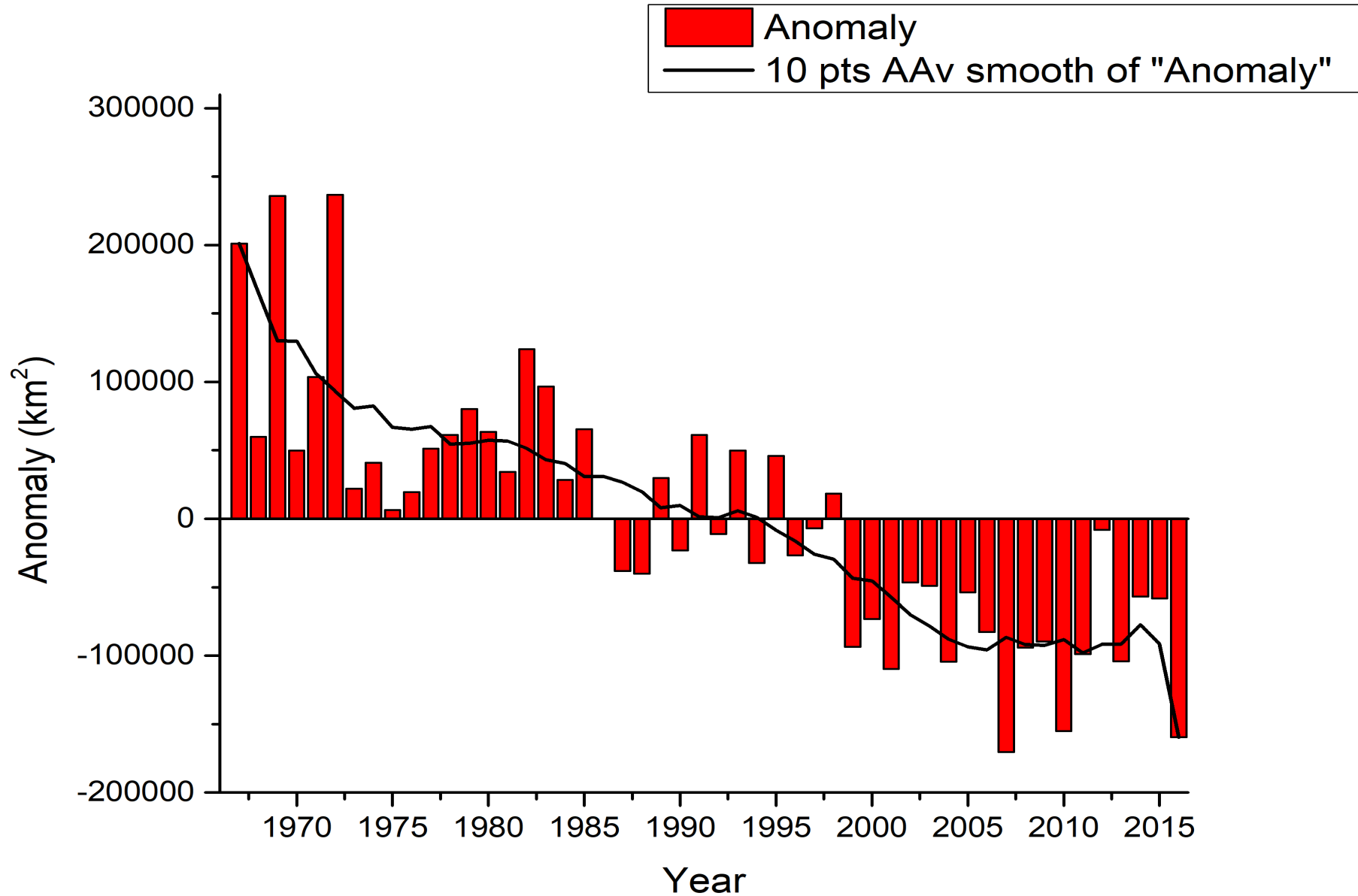


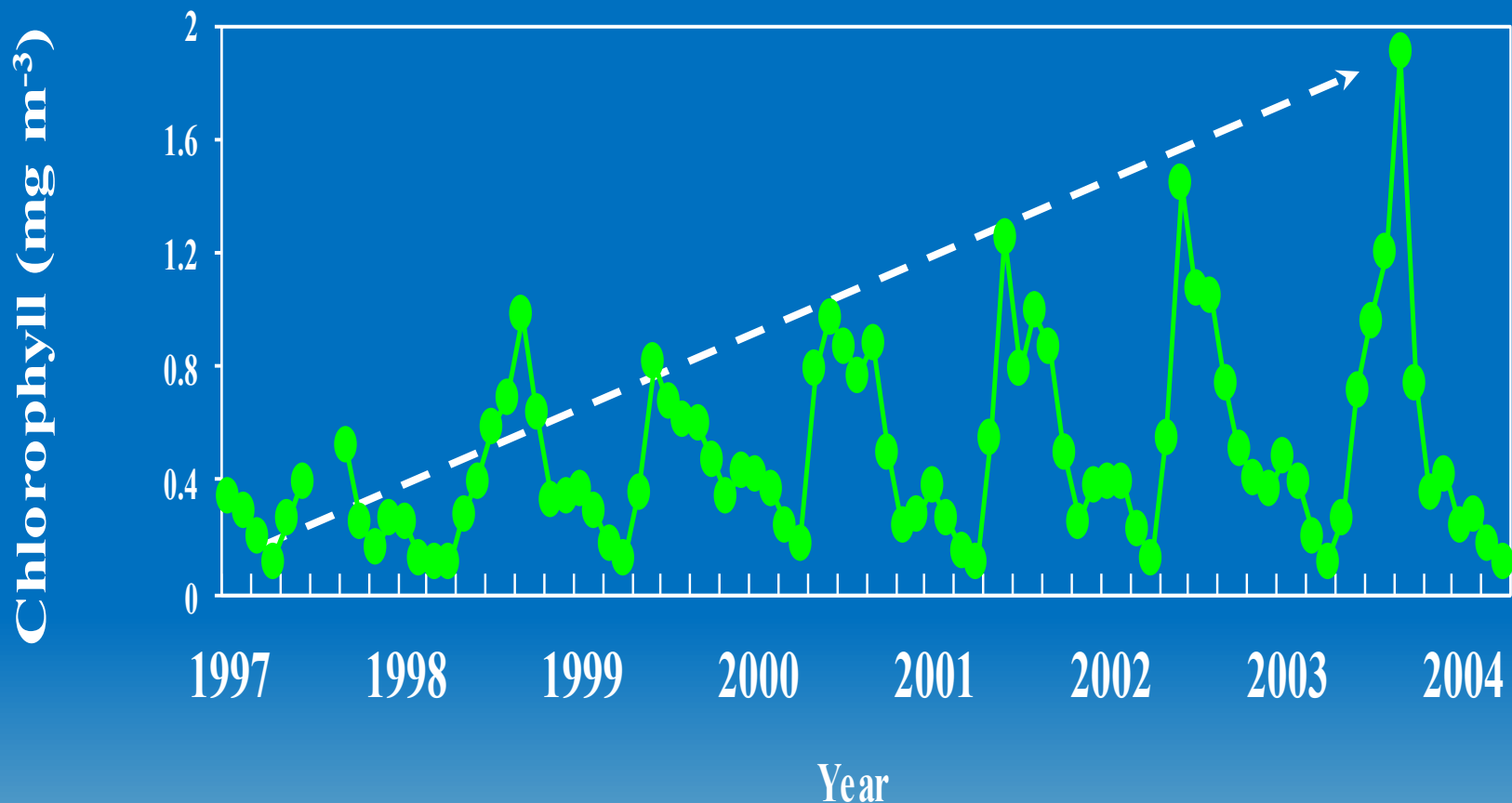
NCEP Meridional wind trends for the June-July-August from 1970 to 2010



Schematic showing the Summer Monsoon response of the Arabian Sea to snow cover over the Himalayan-Tibetan Plateau

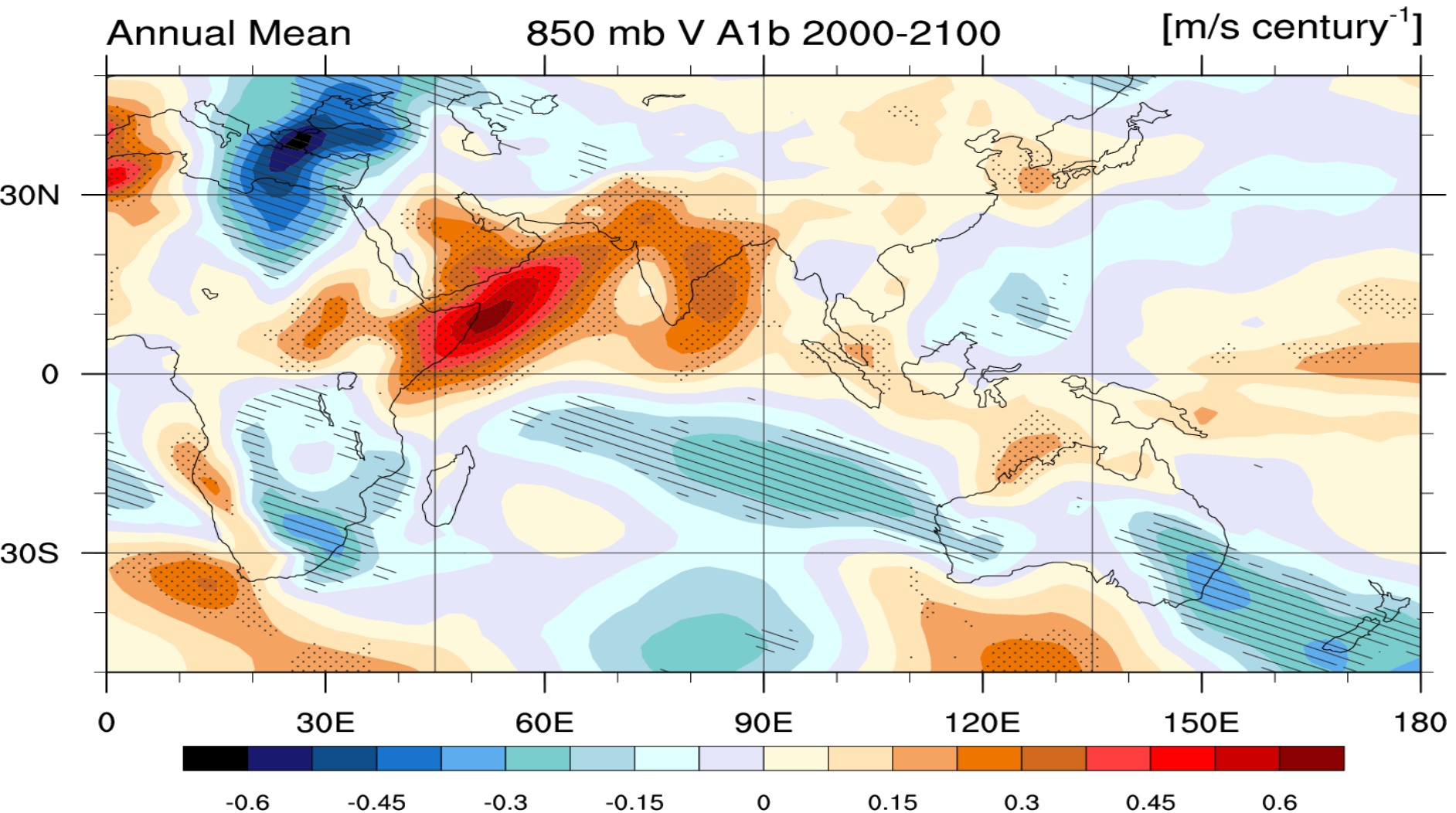
India Tibetan Snow Cover Extent



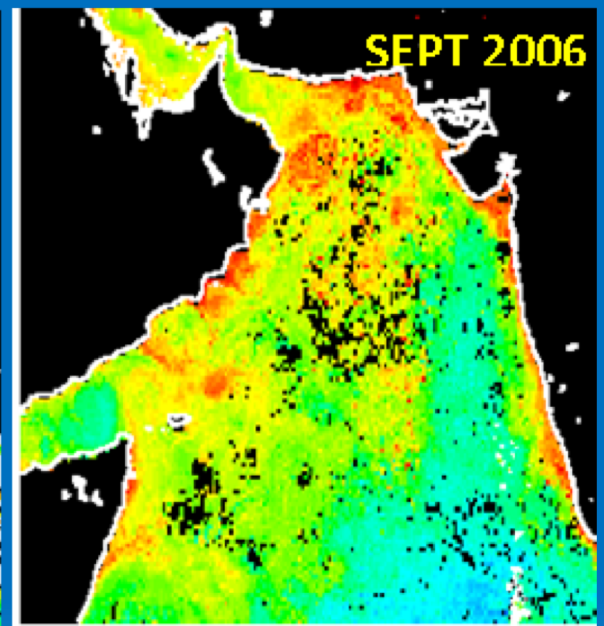
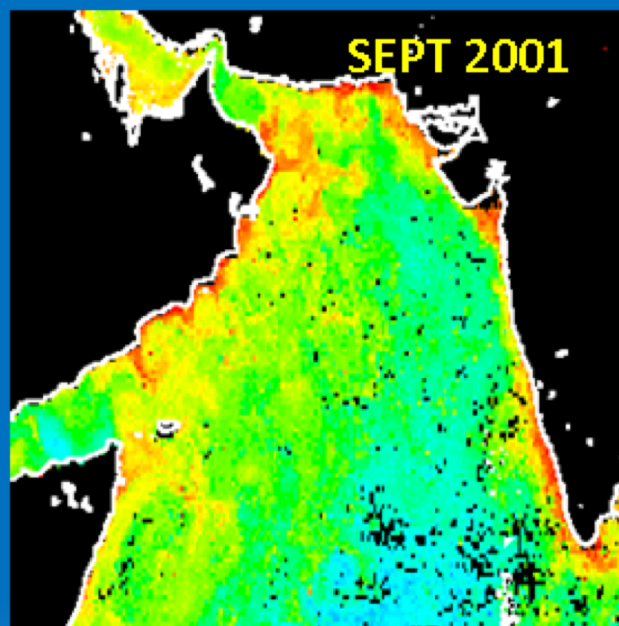
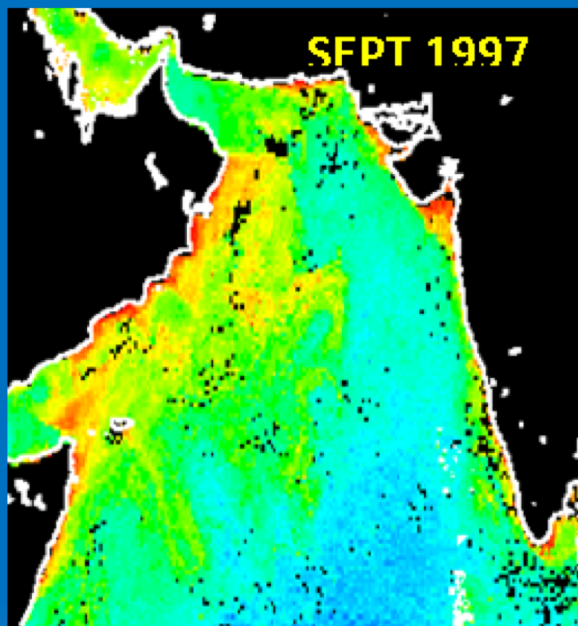


Interannual changes in chlorophyll in the core of upwelling region along coast of Somalia linked to the intensification of SW monsoonal winds

Goes et al. Science, 2005

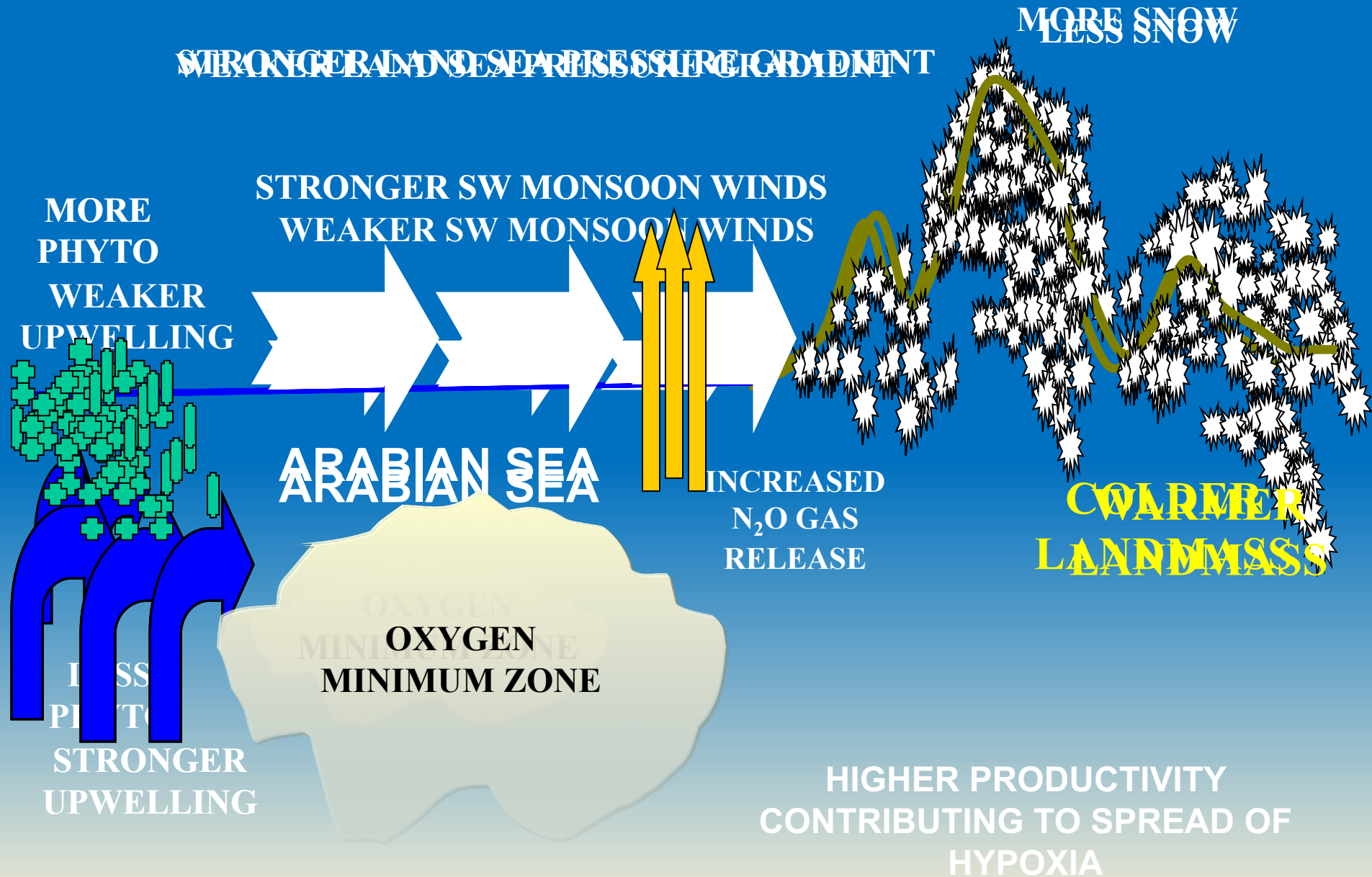


Coupled Model Intercomparison Project (CMIP5)-mean 21st Century trends in Annual Mean Meridional Wind in the Indo-Pacific Region

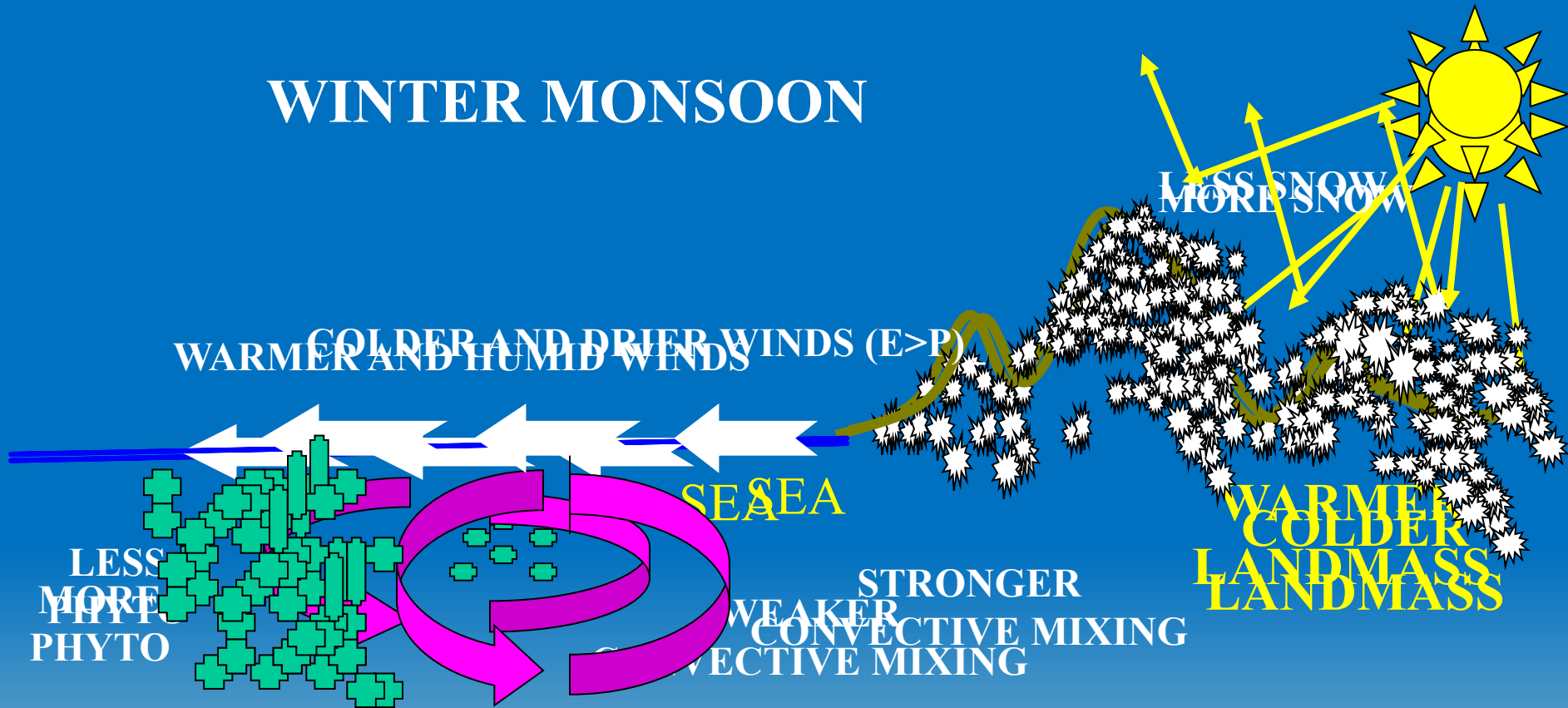


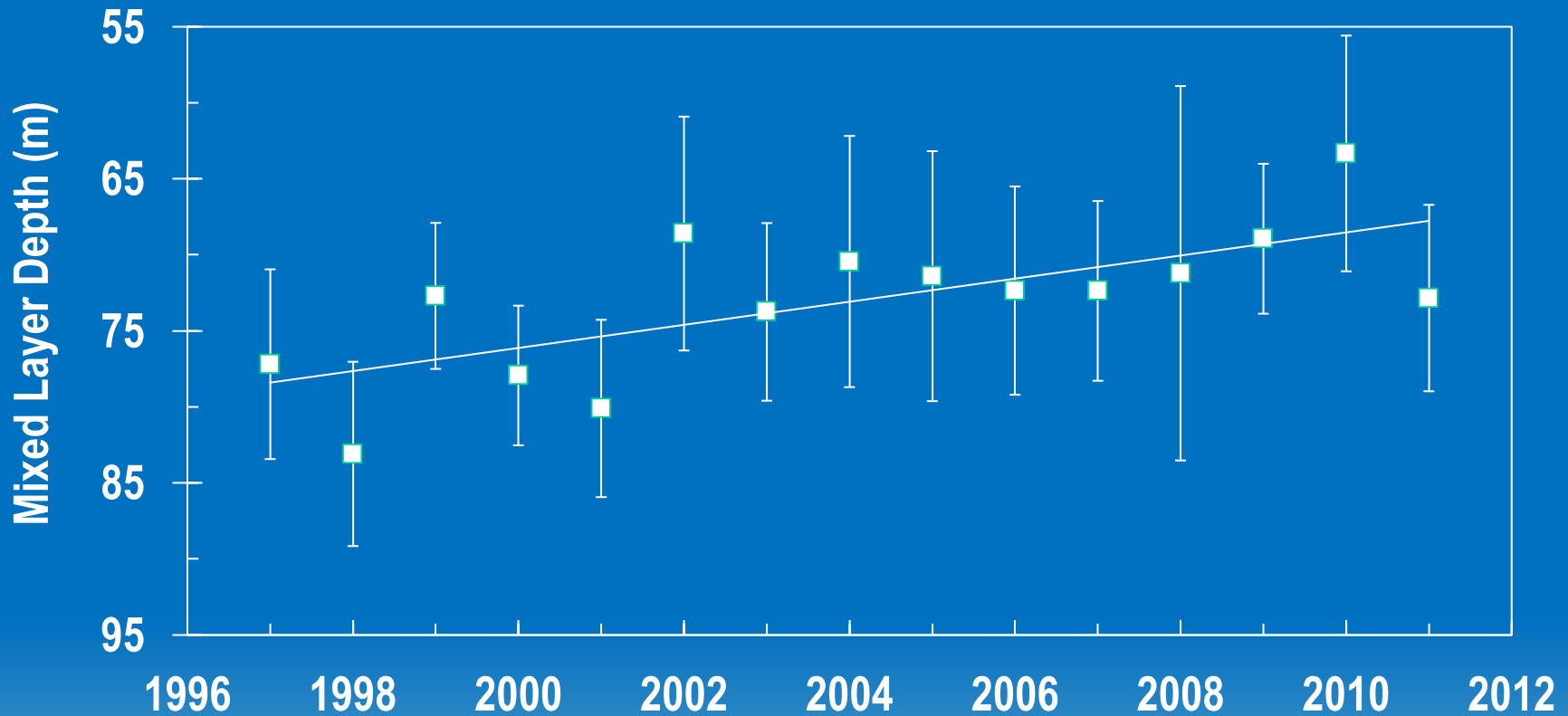
Chlorophyll fields during the peak southwest monsoon seasons of 1997, 2001 and 2006 showing continued increase in phytoplankton biomass due to intensification of winds and coastal upwelling

SCHEMATIC SHOWING THE IMPACTS OF INCREASING PRODUCTIVITY ON THE ARABIAN SEA



WINTER MONSOON

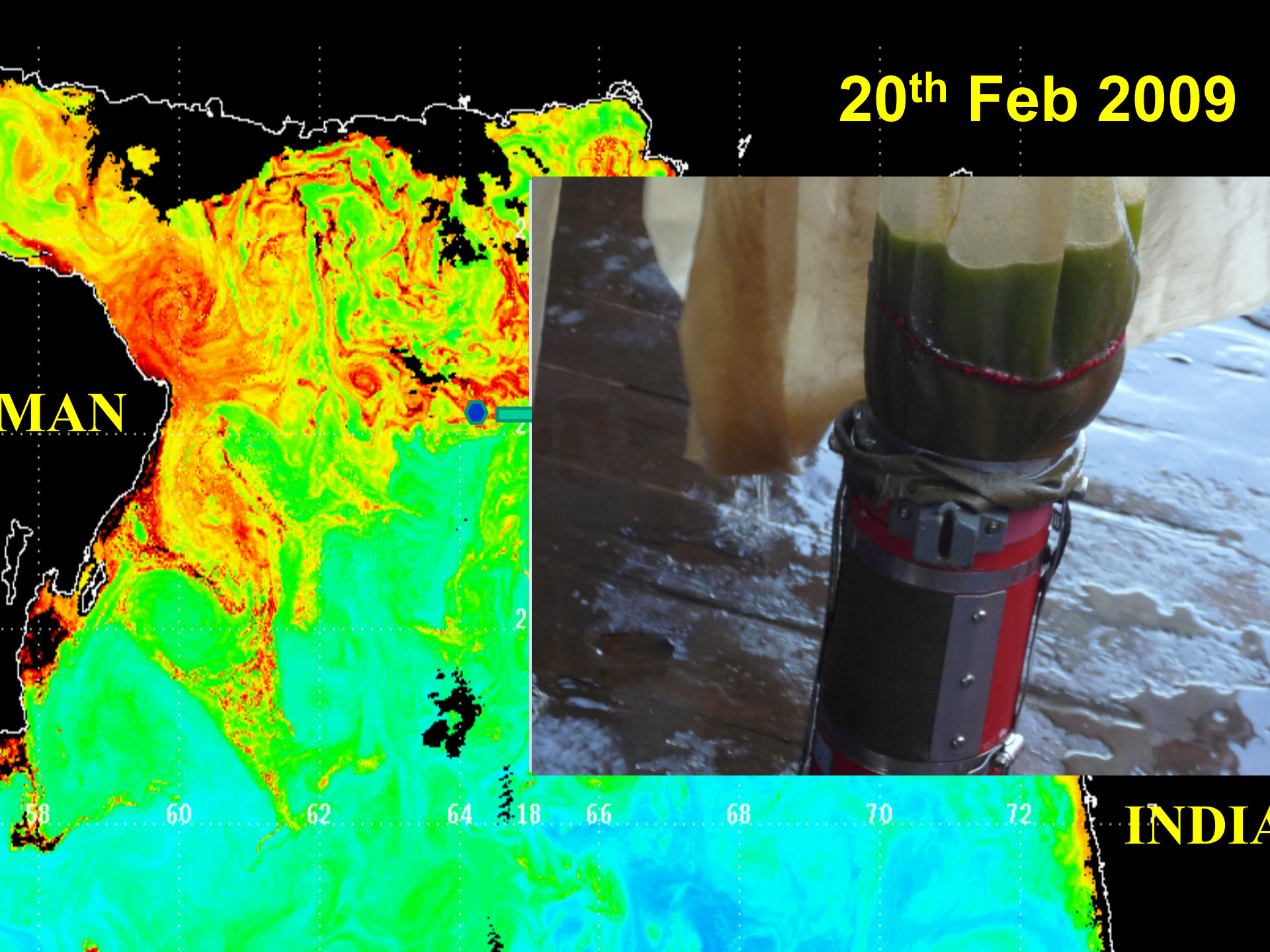




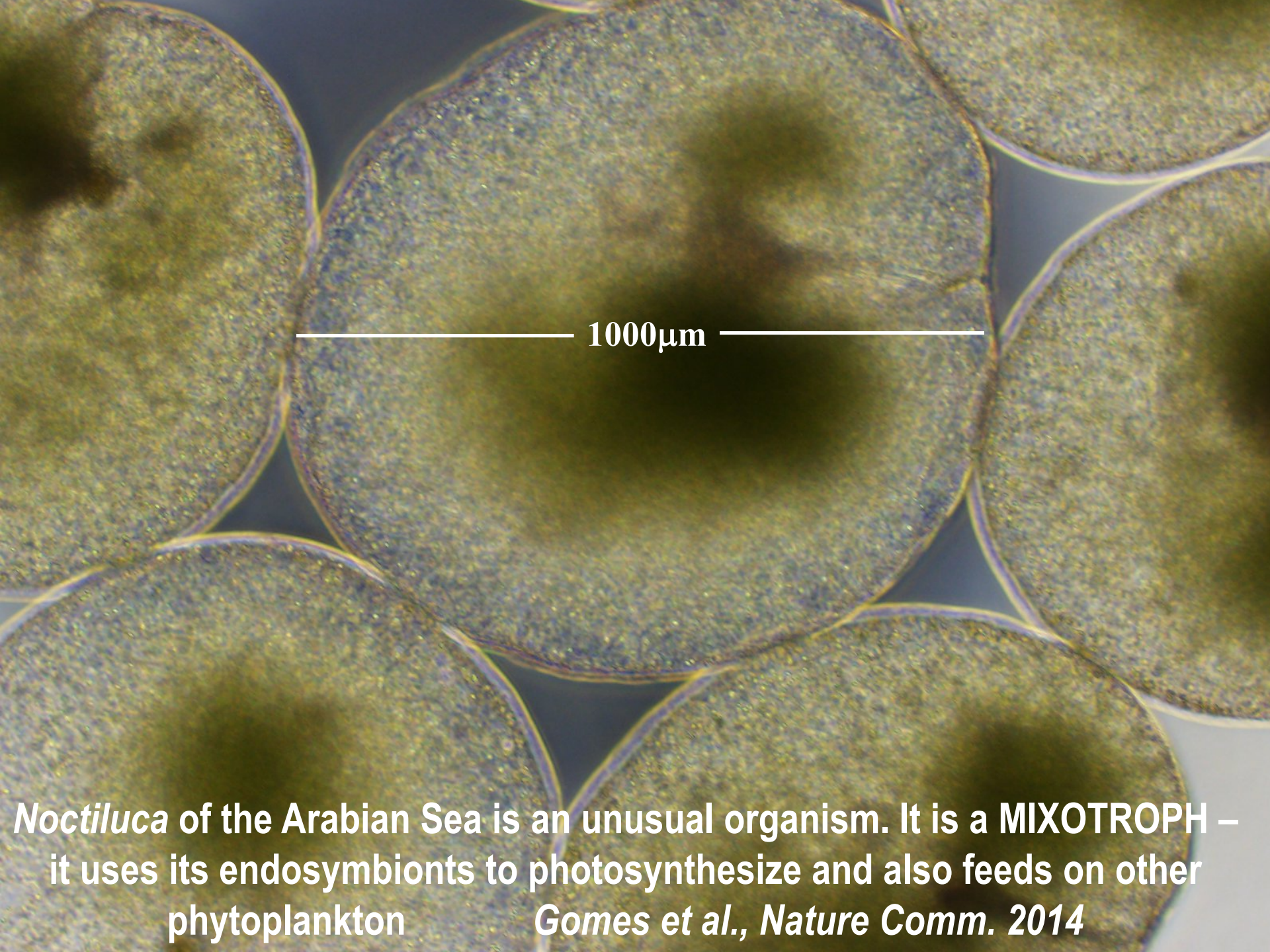
Annual trends of Mixed Layer Depth (NCEP-GODAS) indicating weakening of winter convective mixing in the northern Arabian Sea during the NE monsoon

20th Feb 2009

MAN



INDIA



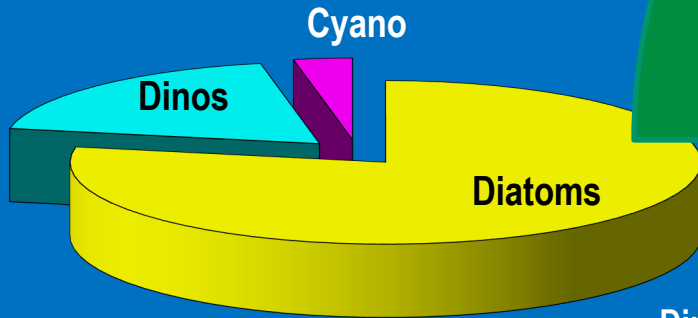
1000µm

***Noctiluca* of the Arabian Sea is an unusual organism. It is a MIXOTROPH – it uses its endosymbionts to photosynthesize and also feeds on other phytoplankton**

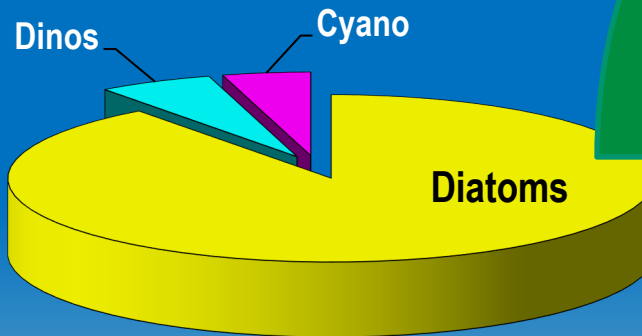
Gomes et al., Nature Comm. 2014

ARABIAN SEA PHYTOPLANKTON COMMUNITY STRUCTURE

IIOE - 1960's



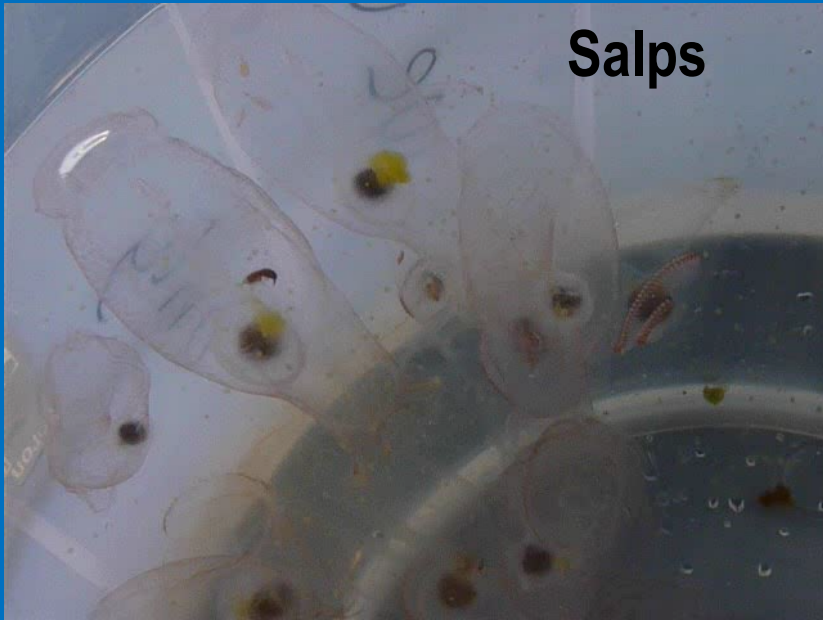
JGOFS -1990's



INDIA-OMAN 2011



Salps



Salp gut

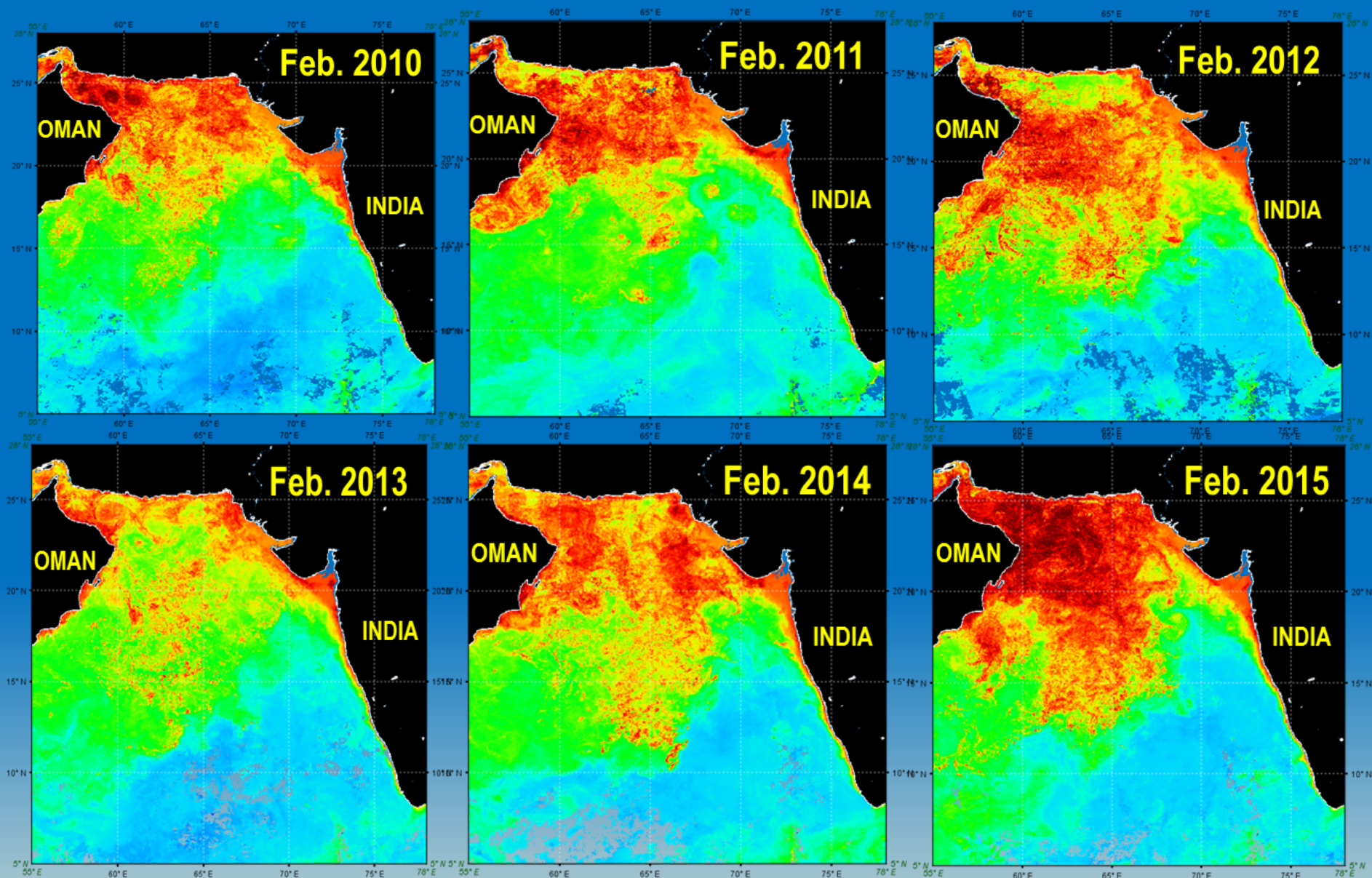


Squid

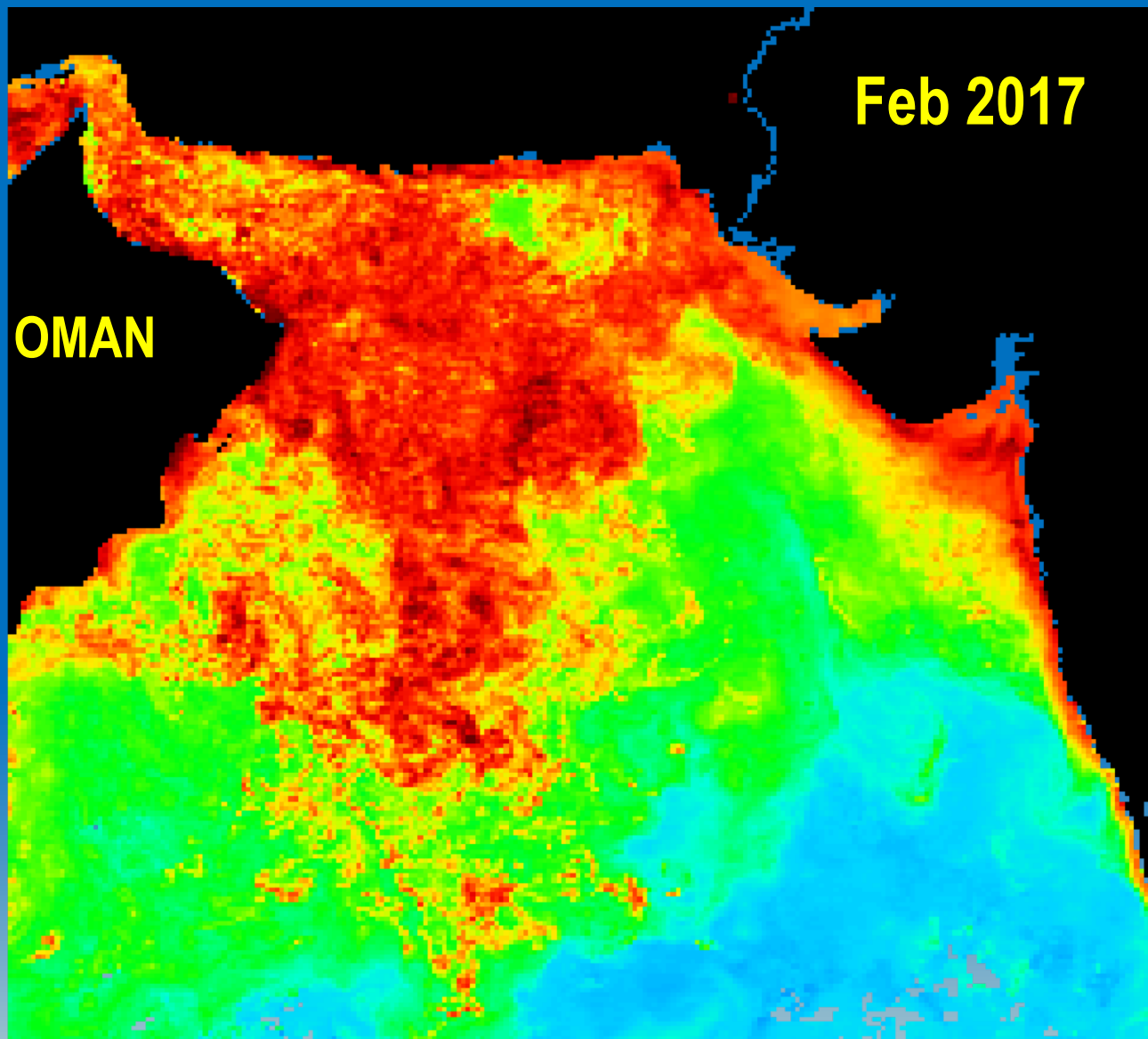


Turtle





NASA's MODIS-Aqua monthly composite images of Chl *a* in the Arabian Sea showing the spatial expanse of *Noctiluca* blooms



Noctiluca bloom of 2017

Algae outbreak suffocates thousands of sardines in Oman

Residents of Sidab village teamed up to clean the area before the smell of dead fish spread



Image Credit: Twitter

The sardines had choked to death due to the lack of oxygen in the seawater.

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ALSO IN OMAN

Omani killed in car accident in Batinah region

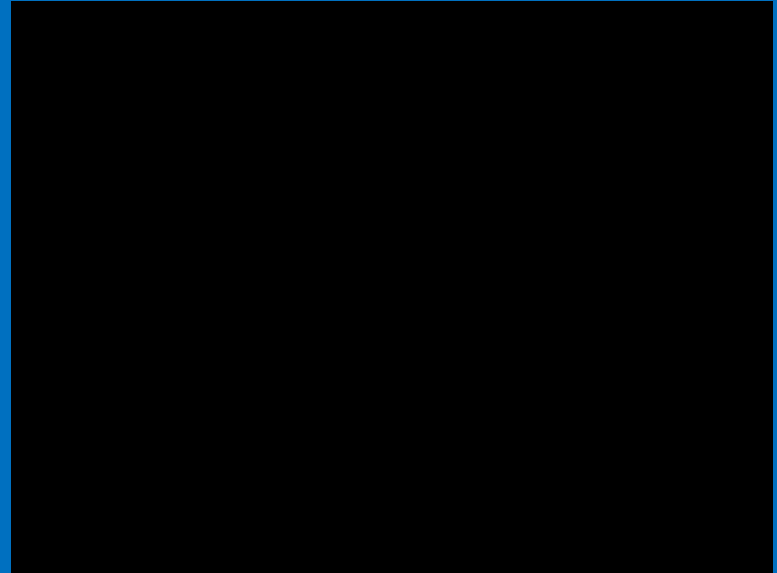
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WEST COAST OF INDIA

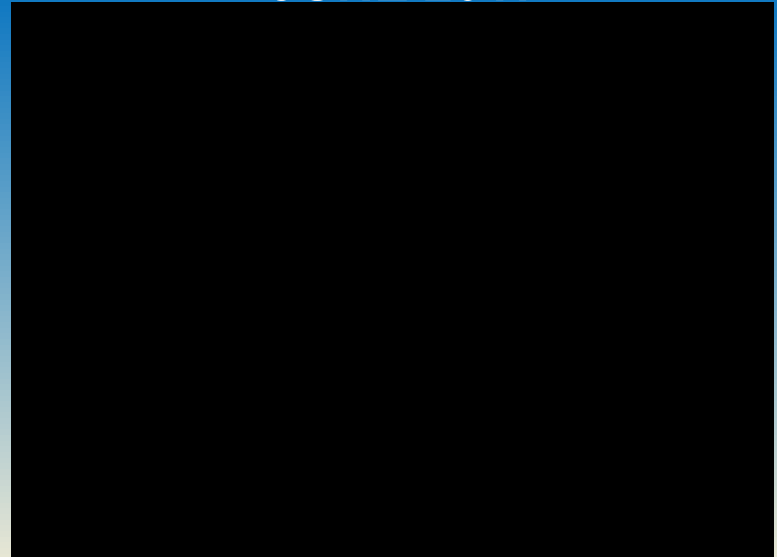
FEB 2017



FEB 2017



JUNE 2017





WEST COAST OF INDIA – OCT 2017

MAJOR GOALS OF NASA-DISCO PROJECT

To develop in collaboration with Omani scientists an information system to aid management of Oman's Coastal Resources

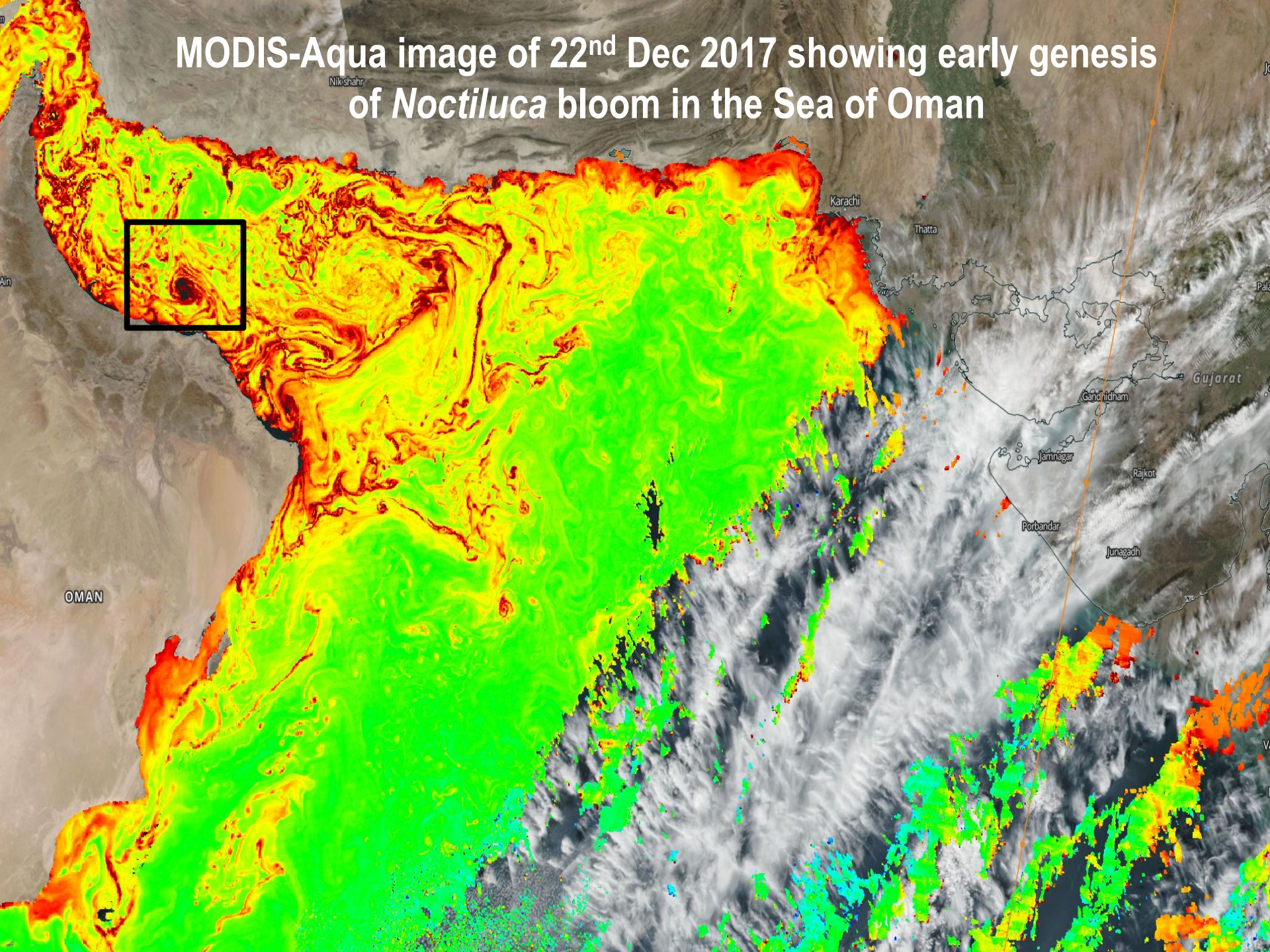
Specifically, these products will aid in:

- Mapping sea state conditions around the coast of Oman
- Eddies for establishing line for discharge of ballast water
- Early warnings of hypoxic waters and locations prone to fish kills
- Early warning for algal blooms and their dispersal along the coast
- Tools for long-term coastal resources and fisheries management

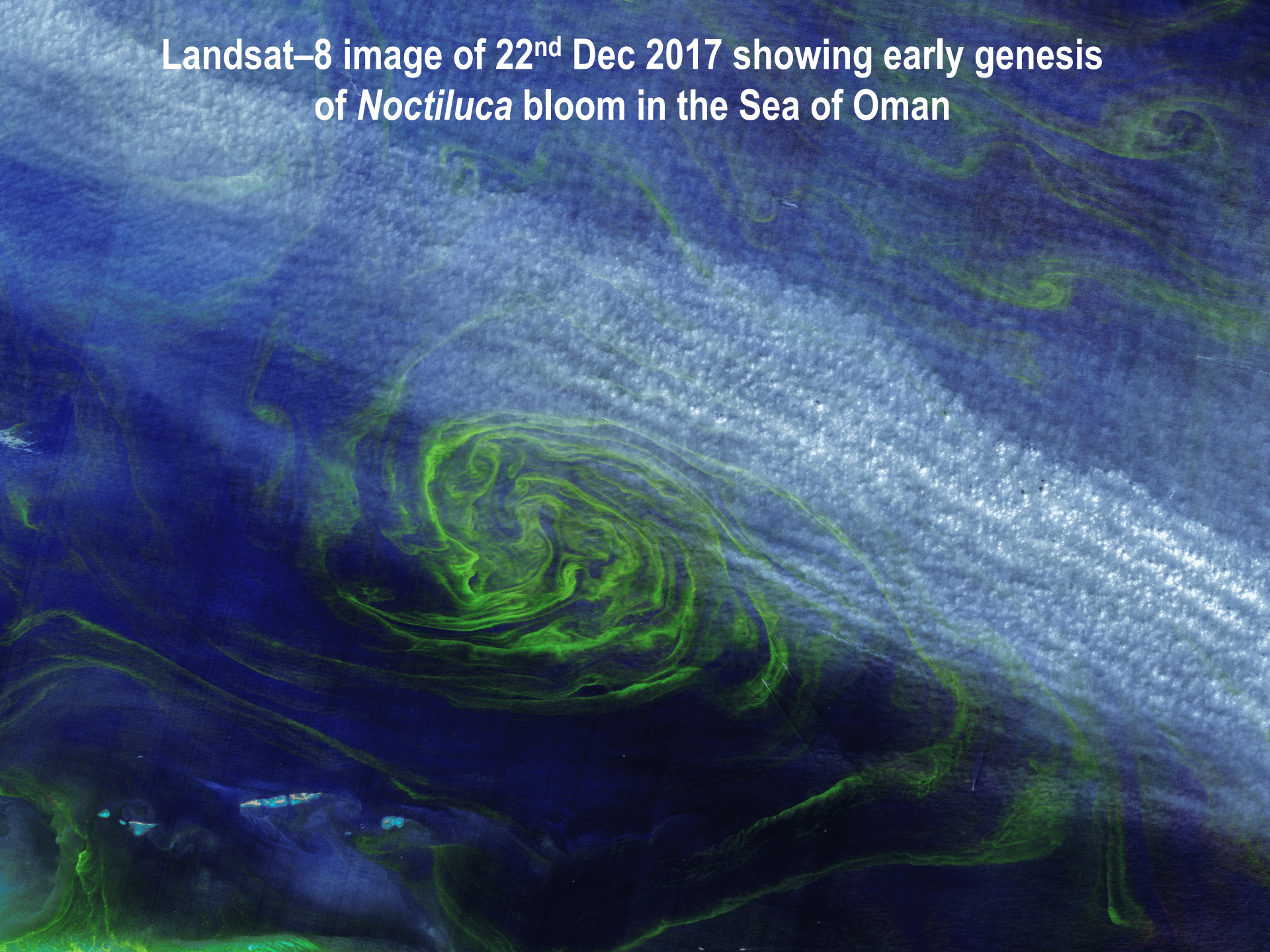
WORKSHOP, MUSCAT-OMAN - DEC 2017



MODIS-Aqua image of 22nd Dec 2017 showing early genesis
of *Noctiluca* bloom in the Sea of Oman



Landsat-8 image of 22nd Dec 2017 showing early genesis
of *Noctiluca* bloom in the Sea of Oman



MODIS-Aqua 14th 2018, NASA, OBPG

Ocean scientists work to forecast huge plankton blooms in Arabian Sea
Nature, 26th March 2018 – Jeff Tollefson

Fishermen- Qaryat



Fish-farm- Qaryat



Refinery- Sohar



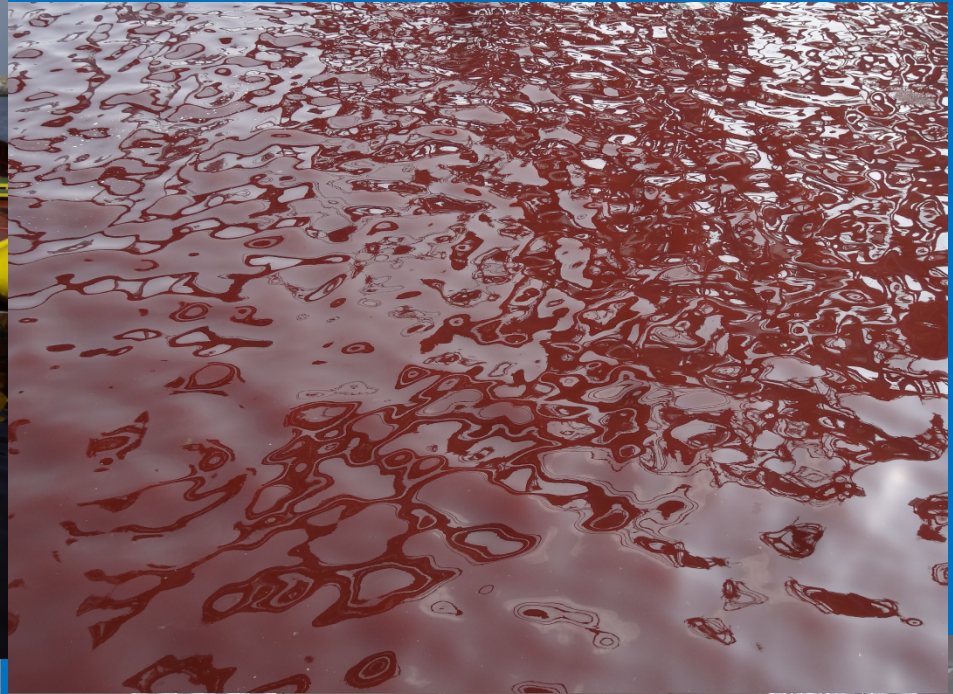
Desalination plant - Sohar



Sohar Divers



Sohar Ship Repair Port



Royal Oman Navy



Royal Oman Navy



نفخر بخدمتكم أينما كنتم
Proud to serve you wherever you are



بيان رقم (٢)

«متابعة حالة المد الأحمر في ولاية بركاء»

التاريخ: ٢٥ فبراير ٢٠١٨م، الساعة ١٠:٠٠ مساءً

تواصل اللجنة الرئيسية للطوارئ المنعقدة في الهيئة العامة للكهرباء والمياه (ديم) مراقبة ومتابعة حالة المد الأحمر في مياه البحر المحاذية لولاية بركاء وقد أوضحت البيانات من المركز الوطني للمراقبة والتحكم الرئيسي للمياه في ولاية بوشر عن استمرار حالة المد الأحمر وتأثيرها على وحدات التحلية، نتج عنه تذبذب في إنتاج المياه من محطات التحلية ببركاء ، وتقوم الفرق الميدانية التابعة لشركات التحلية بمتابعة وقياس نسبة العوالق في مياه البحر بشكل مستمر لضمان التشغيل الآمن لوحدات التحلية.

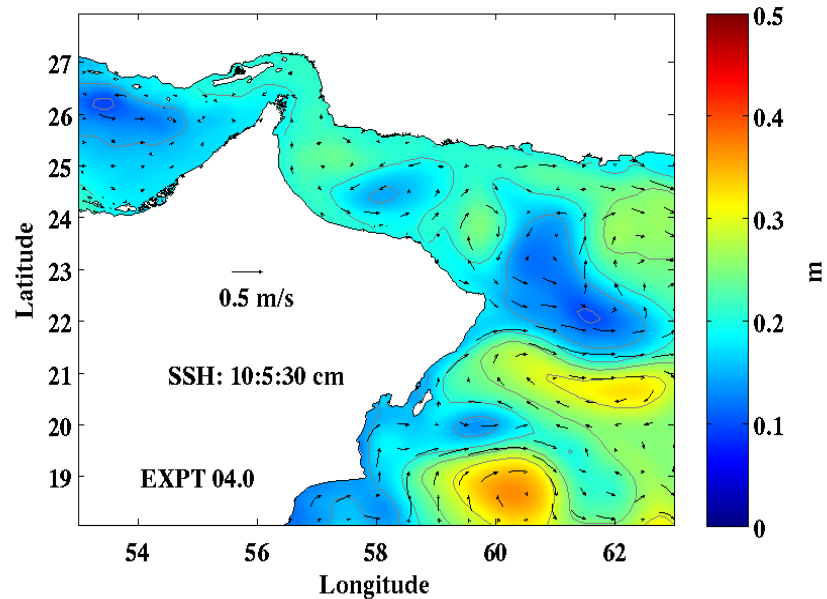
هذا وقد استمرت اللجنة بمتابعة تطبيق خطط الاستجابة للطوارئ في ولاية السيب بمحافظة مسقط وولايات محافظة الداخلية لضمان عدم تأثر المشتركين بخدمة المياه في المناطق التي تزودها محطات التحلية في ولاية بركاء ولم يسجل أي نقص أو انقطاع في إمدادات المياه حتى صدور هذا البيان.

وتواصل اللجنة الرئيسية للطوارئ في الهيئة العامة للكهرباء والمياه (ديم) متابعة الحالة عن كثب، وتدعو كافة المشتركين الكرام في ولاية السيب بمحافظة مسقط وولايات محافظة الداخلية إلى مواصلة ترشيد استهلاك المياه.

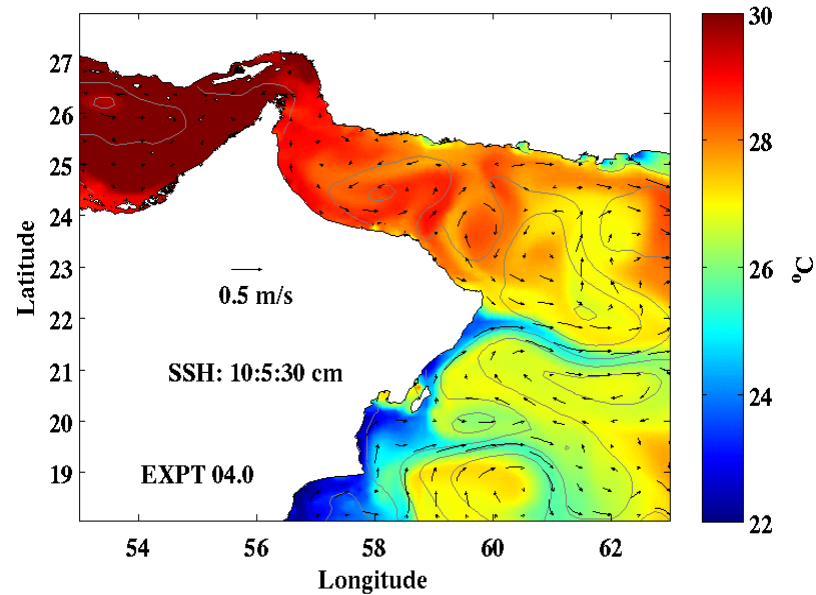
والله ولي التوفيق،



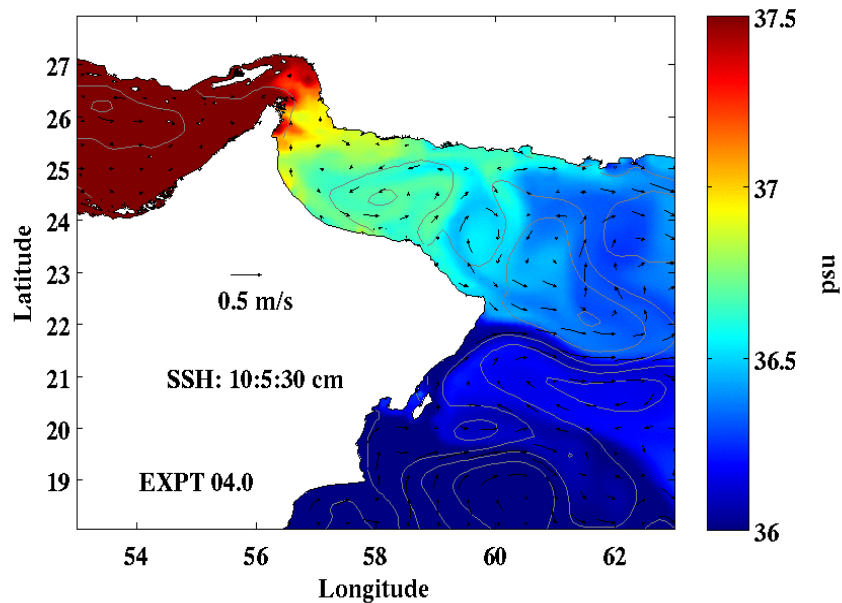
SSH (+ SSH & SURFACE CURRENTS) 20081001



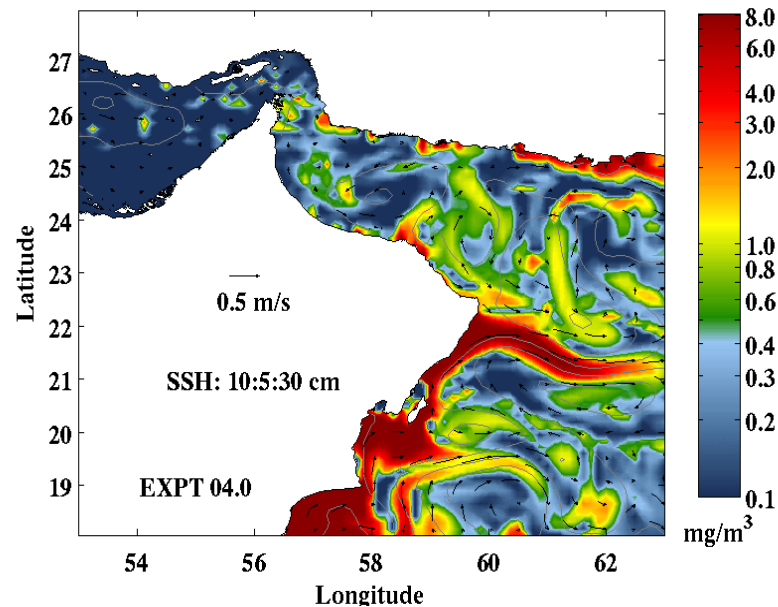
SST (+ SSH & SURFACE CURRENTS) 20081001



SSS (+ SSH & SURFACE CURRENTS) 20081001

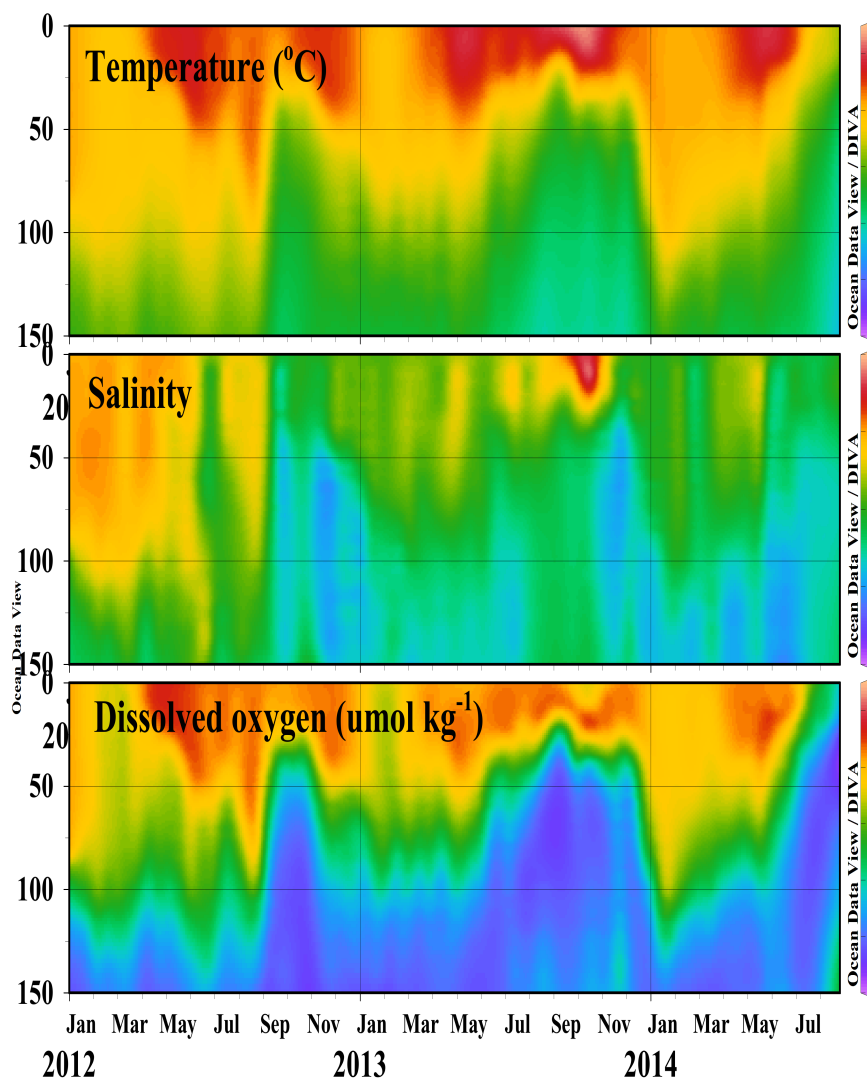


SSCHLOR (d=1.2, s=0.3) (SSH & SURFACE CURRENTS) 20081001

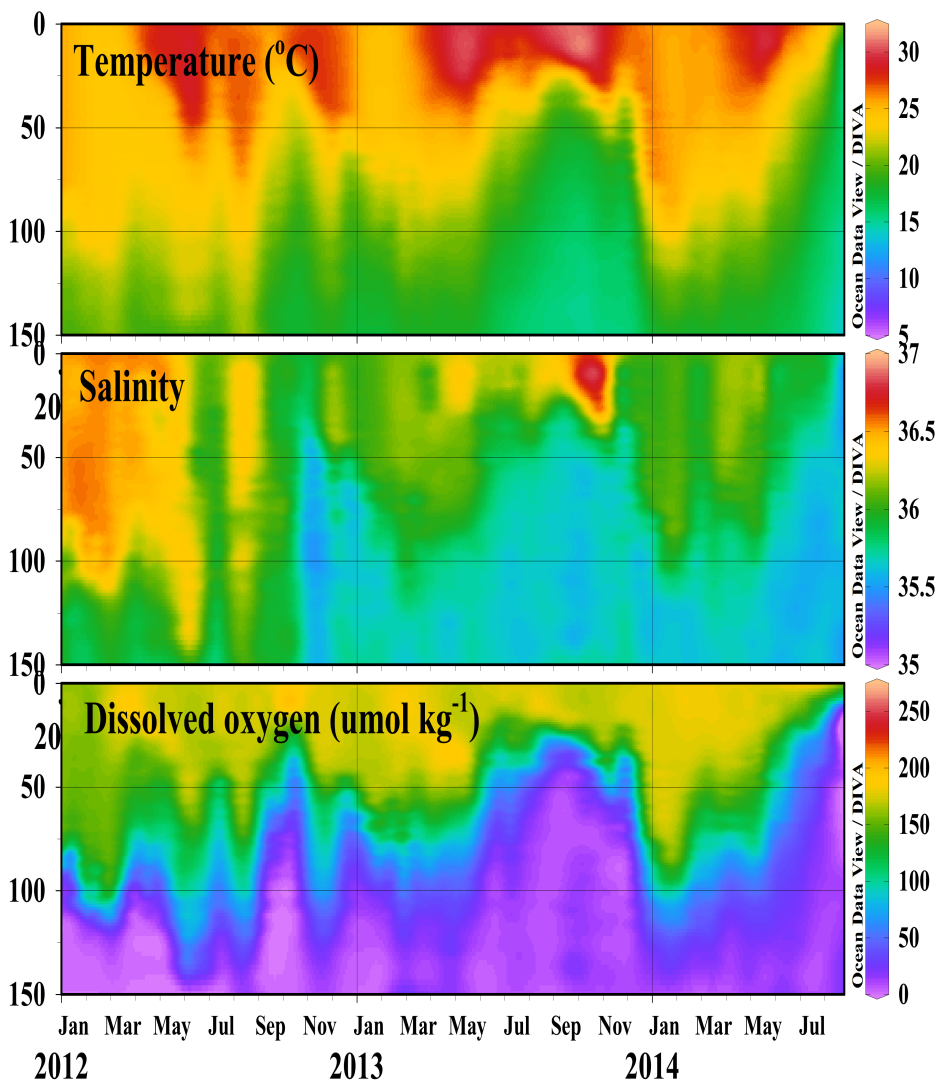


Outputs of NCOM-COSiNE model

NCOM-COSiNE MODEL

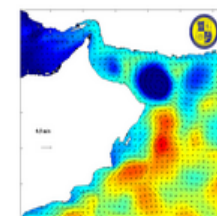
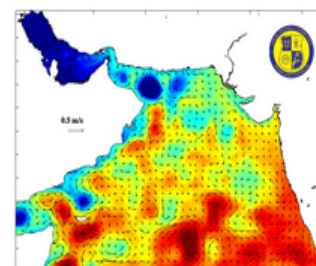
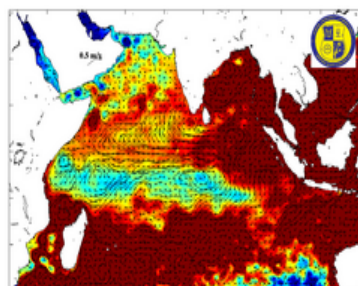
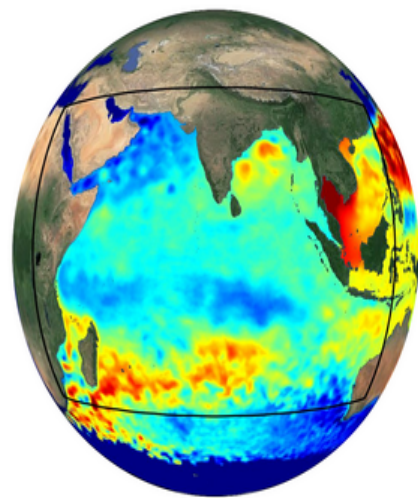


ARGO-FLOAT



Comparison of NCOM-COSiNE outputs with ARGO Float data off the coast of Oman

Gulf of Oman REAL TIME FORECASTING SYSTEM

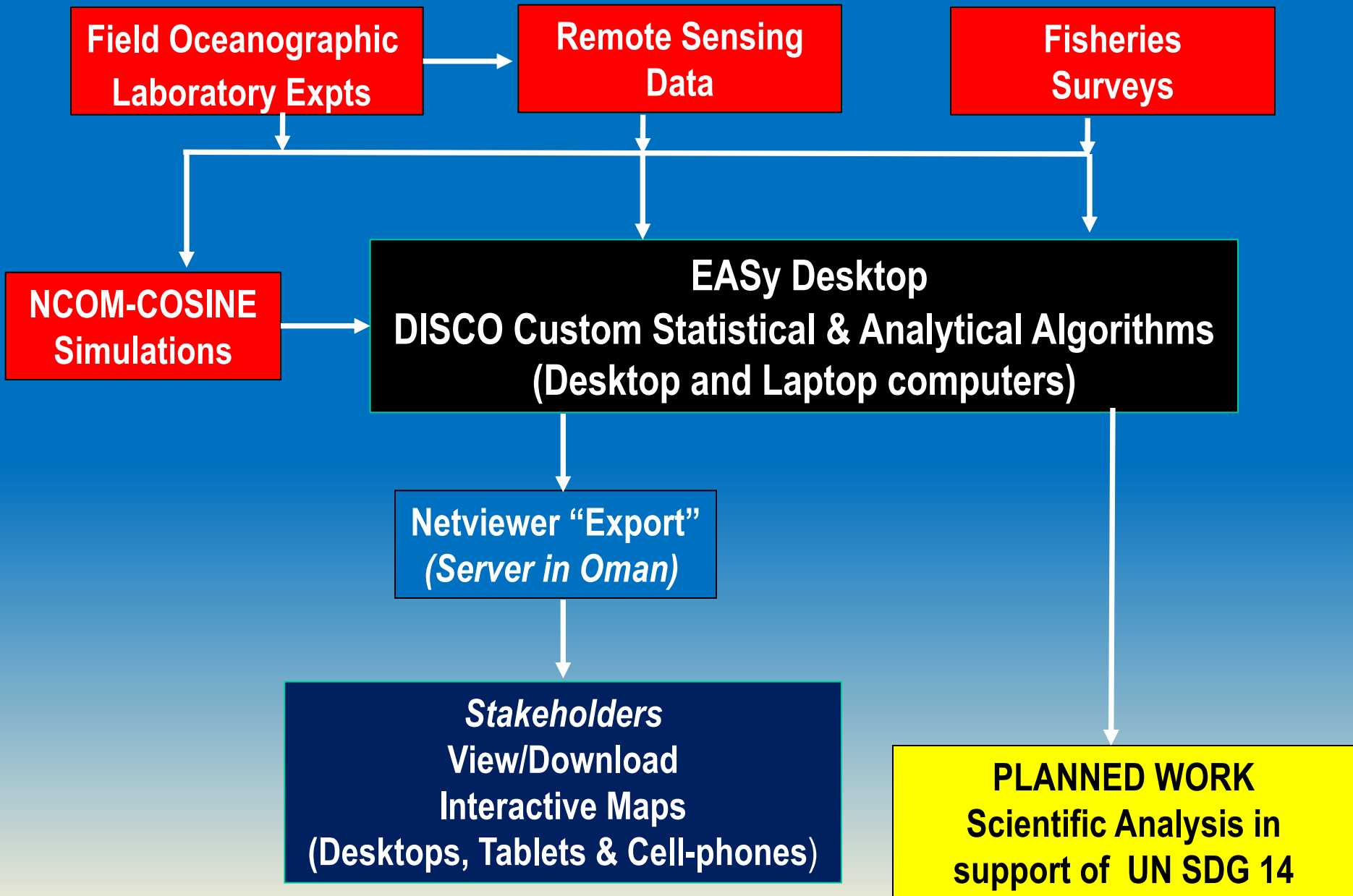


[Forecasts](#)
[Analyses](#)

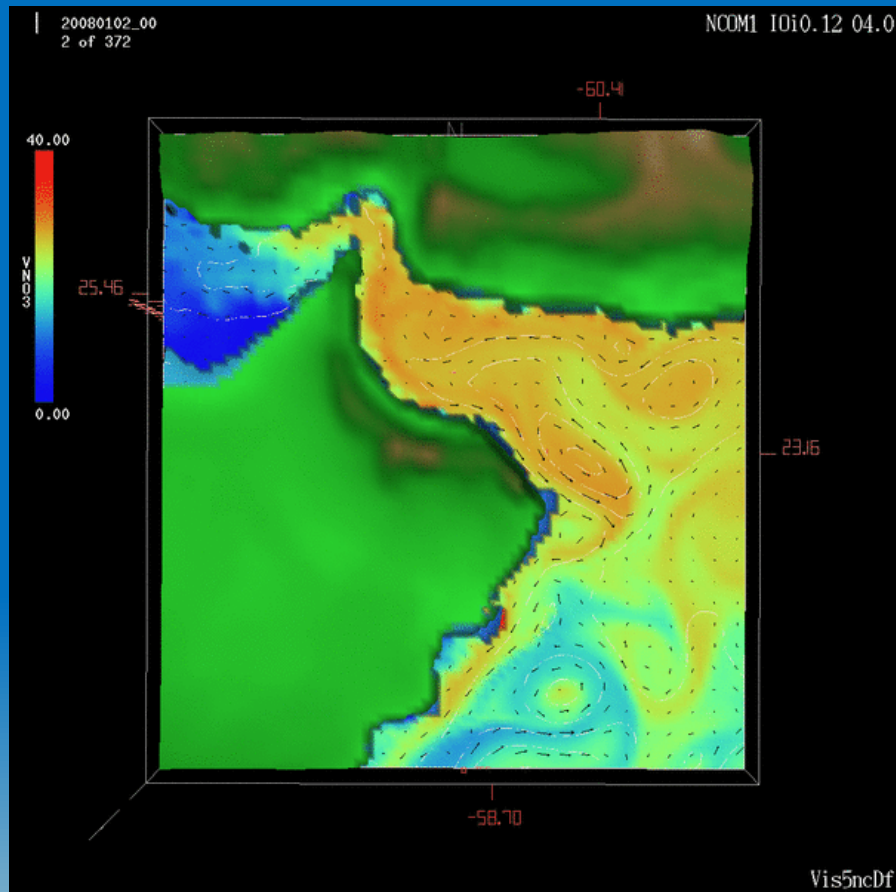
05/12/2015 00 GMT: Today's nowcast is derived from the NRL Global Operational Forecasting System (GOFS), focusing on the regions of interest (interpolated from the global model) using a Quad-Nested Approach (Global: Indian Ocean: Arabian Sea: Gulf of Oman). Hover over each figure to read a synopsis; click for details and results.

Naval Research Laboratory Code 7333 | NASA's Stennis Space Center | Contact Us

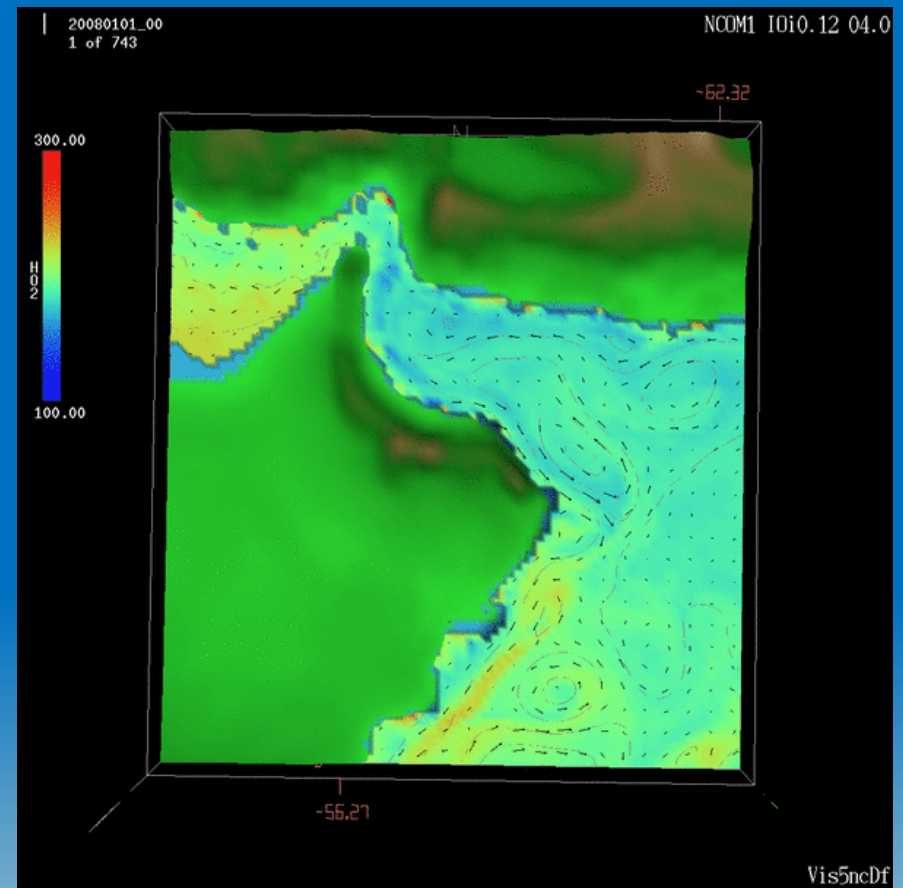
Information Flow in DISCO Coastal Support System



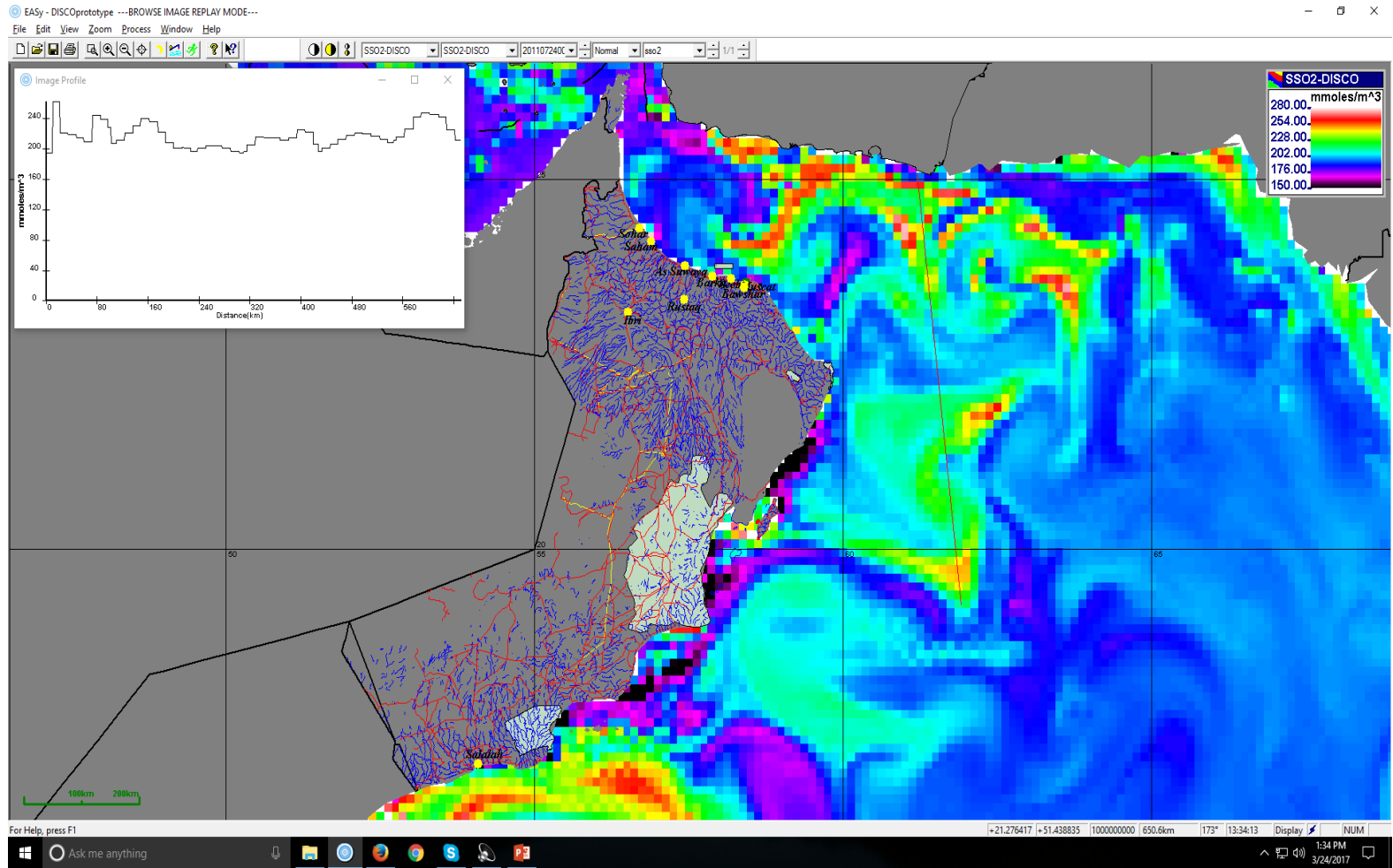
Nitrate



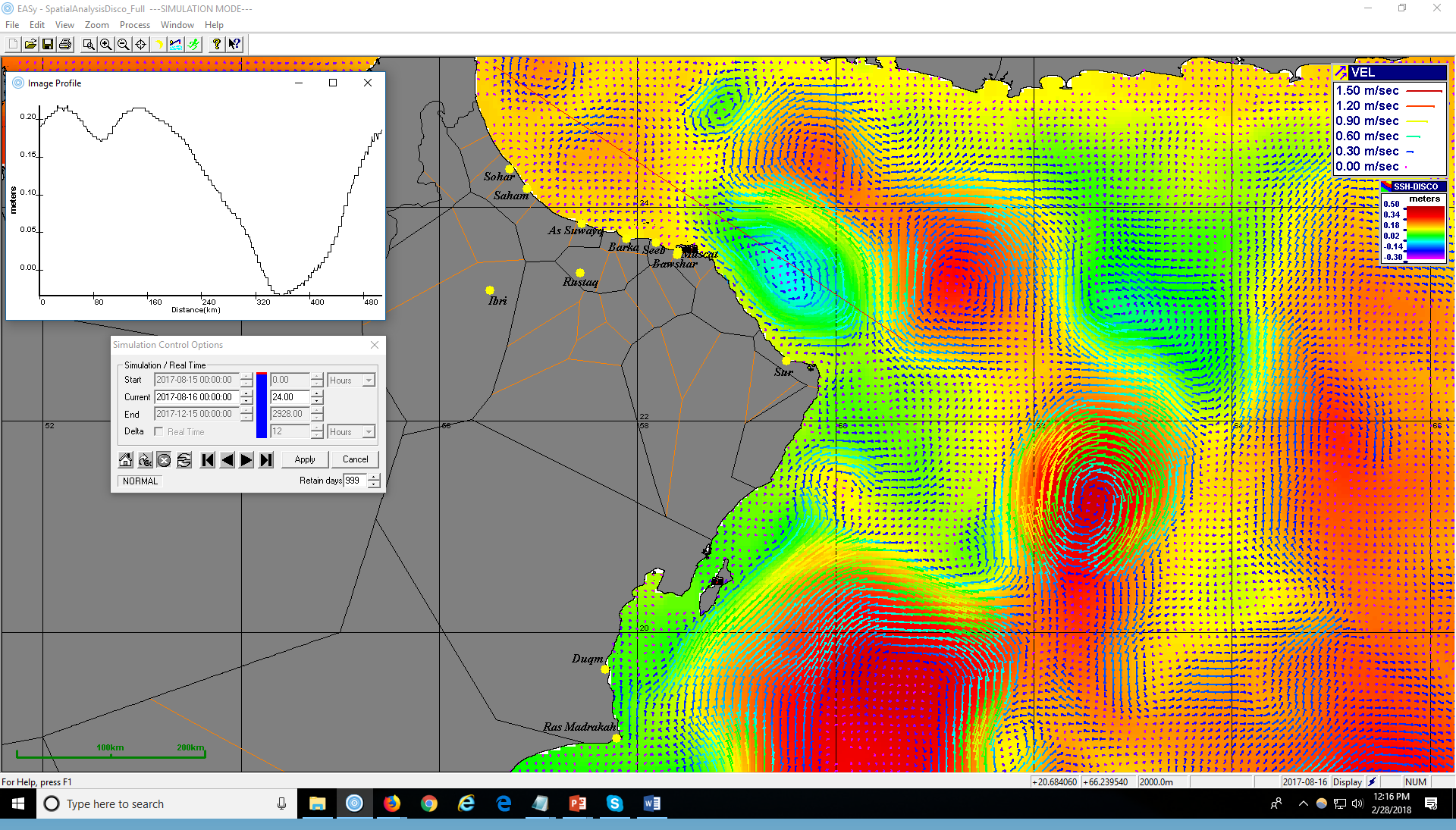
Oxygen



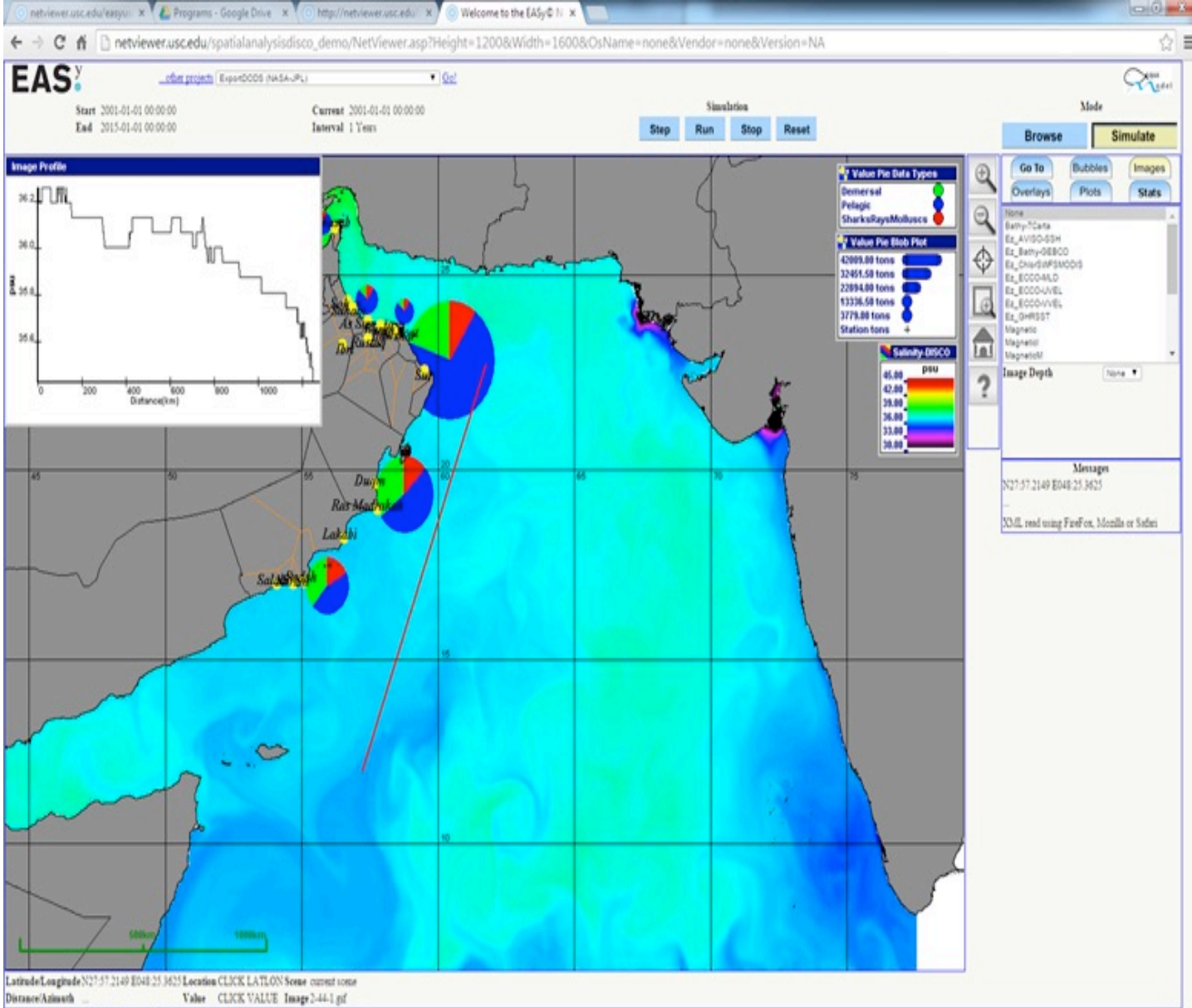
Nitrate and oxygen concentrations from NCOM-COSiNE model



NCOM/COSINE simulated sea surface oxygen (mmoles/m³)



SpatialAnalysisDISCO: Spatial Analysis plugin used for the Oman DISCO project. Image shows NCOM-COSINE model output for ocean currents overlaid on sea surface height, along with a profile plot of SSH along the red line transect.



ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

We would like to thank NASA, USA, the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries Wealth, Oman, Sultanate Qaboos University, Oman and Sultan Qaboos Cultural Centre, Washington DC

